Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869 | "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINC[illegible] | TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

VOL. XXXI | BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 8, 1900. | NO. 8

MET DEATH WHILE SKATING.

Two Boys Drowned Saturday at Pine Grove Mills.

WERE THE SONS OF SQUIRE JACOB KELLER.

Edward, the Oldest, was 18, While his Brother was Only 13—One Died a Hero While Trying to Save His Brother—Water Only Six Feet Deep Where Drowning Occurred.

BOTH BURIED IN THE SAME GRAVE.

One of the saddest accidents that it has been the duty of the newspapers to chronicle for some time was that which occurred Saturday afternoon at Pine Grove Mills resulting in the drowning of Edward and Fred Keller, the two bright sons of Squire Jacob Keller, of that place.

The particulars are about as follows: Quite a number of small boys were skating on the mill dam at the upper end of the village, among the crowd being the two Keller boys. The younger brother skated across the middle of the dam and discovered a crack in the ice and at once notified his older brother Edward who thereupon went to investigate for himself.

The ice at once gave way with him and he plunged into about six feet of water. He endeavored to save himself but was seized with the cramp and could do nothing. Fred seeing his brother's plight bravely went to his rescue, and both were drowned. There were several other boys there but their efforts to save their unfortunate playmates proved unavailing When finally several men came to their assistance and the boys were brought out on the bank, it was then too late, as their bodies were cold in death. Everything that medical skill could do was done to resuscitate them but to no purpose. The boys had been in the water about twenty minutes.

Edward the oldest was aged 18 and Fred the younger only 13. They were both born at Pine Grove Mills and were bright and intelligent boys. They leave to mourn heir loss besides their father and mother, the following brothers and sisters: Irvin and Milton of Pittsburg, and William, John, Eva and Ida at home.

The funeral took place Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. C. T. Aiken of the Lutheran church officiating. Interment was made in the cemetery at Pine Grove Mills both being buried in one grave. The family have the sympathy of the whole community in heir terrible affliction.

Married in a Tree.

There recently took place in this neighborhood a wedding which was as startling as any one could wish. It seems that the bride had peculiar notions about weddings, and she had made up her mind to have her marriage different from the ordinary ceremonies.

There were to be no attendants except the maid of honor, the bride's sister, and at the appointed hour the family congregated about a big gnarled tree, the oldest growing on the country place. At the same time the bride and groom, maid of honor and clergyman came from the house, and when they reached the tree they climbed it, and the ceremony was performed amidst the foliage of the lower branches.—Louisville Courier Journal

—The Puerto Rican tariff bill should it become a law in the form in which it passed the House, will give to the people of Puerto Rico a couple of hundred thousand dollars a year for improvement of general conditions, educational and otherwise, in the Island, and yet will give them such commercial relations with the United States as to greatly stimulate the interchange of commodities, while by the higher duties imposed on articles coming into the Island from other countries we will be given practically its entire market. The duty collected on merchandise coming into the United States from Puerto Rico at full Dingley law rates amounts to a little over a million dollars a year, and with a collection of but 15 per cent. of the regular rates, perhaps $200,000 would be realized, which would be immediately expended for internal improvements in the Island.

—An American woman living in Manila writes that the two greatest deprivations that she and her American friends have to undergo are fresh fruit and sweet milk. There is no berry of any sort to be had and no small fruit. There are plenty of bananas but they have an insipid taste.

REV. JOHN SINCLAIR ROBERTS.

A Former Instructor at the Bellefonte Academy Dies in Brooklyn, N. Y.

From the Brooklyn *Daily Times* of Wednesday, February 21, 1900 we glean the following.

The Rev. John Sinclair Roberts, who died at Morris Plains yesterday in his sixty second year, was a son of Charles and Emma C. Roberts. His parents were residents of Brooklyn a number of years, the father being a ruling elder of the South Third Street Presbyterian Church. The son was a graduate of Columbia College and of Princeton Theological Seminary. He was ordained as an evangelist by the First Presbytery of New York in 1861, and sent as a missionary with his wife, nee Hughes, by the Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian church in the United States of America, to Shanghai, China. He was there from 1861 to 1865. A very earnest and successful student here, and in China, he overtaxed his strength and was obliged to return to this country. After resting a while he became a missionary of the South Third Street Presbyterian Church, in the part of the city adjacent to the church. Parts of 1865-67 he was professor of mathematics and astronomy in a private school in New York City.

From 1870-74 he was a teacher in the classical school of his brother-in-law, the Rev. James P. Hughes, at Bellefonte, Pa., and from 1874-78 he was again a missionary at Shanghai, China. But once more his strong and active mind was too much for his frail body, and he came home to be laid aside permanently. For the last twenty years he has been tenderly cared for by his brothers. He is survived by Mrs. Roberts, and a son and daughter, who are both teachers of high grade schools. And in all these years of comparative inaction, he has been the student and true to the Christian ideals that have had the mastery of his life.

The Centennial of the County Should be Properly Celebrated.

The Centennial of Centre County should not be allowed to pass by without some fitting celebration to commemorate the event of such importance to the citizens of the county, especially as it also inaugurates the dawn of the new century and when the county is in a prosperous condition and abundantly able to celebrate in a manner worthy of its illustrious achievements.

It is eminently proper also that the erection of the Soldiers' Monument and Curtin Memorial should be started and given a send off at least in having a cornerstone laying day for the foundation of the monument and several ways and means can be arranged for that day to raise additional money for the finishing of the monument.

I would suggest having a three days celebration, one military with monument cornerstone exercises, one civic with civic organizations participating, and one devoted to history, former observances and exhibitions of relics of the county century. Some historian to be appointed to hunt the records of all her sons in every clime and publish the same in an appropriate style.

To start the ball a rolling the Mayor of the County seat together with the County Commissioners should call a meeting or in some way get together a committee of the citizens of the county not too large but one that is not figureheads but workers and start with the formation of an executive committee the members of which constitute the chairman of the various sub committees, the same to be selected with due care and especial fitness for the duties of the place so that the celebration will be one carried out in a style worthy of Centre County.

It is to be hoped the movement will be given its first impetus soon so that it will not be all rush at the finish, but first set a date and make it one that will not interfere with anything else in the county. Would suggest the week in June after the State College commencement. G. T. B.

Does This Hit You?

A well known pen pusher rises to remark: The place to take the true measure of a man is not on the street, nor in the amen corner, nor at the forum or the field, but at his own fireside. There he lays aside his mask and you learn whether he is an imp or an angel, humbug or hero. We do not care what the world says of him, whether it crowns him with jewels, or pelts him with eggs. We care not a copper what his reputation may be. If his children dread his home coming and his better half swallows her heart every time she asks him for a few cents, he's a fraud of the first water, even though he prays night and morning till he is black in the face, and howls hallelujah till he shakes the eternal hills.

OUR BOROUGH FATHERS

First Session of the New Council Was Held Monday Night.

PRESIDENT GERBERICH RE-ELECTED

The Old Officers All Re-Elected With the Exception of Street Commissioner, Joel Johnson who is Succeeded by Thomas Shaughensy Sr.

THE NEW BURGESS MAKES HIS BOW

The new council which was organized Monday morning convened again Monday evening at 7:30 with President Gerberich in the chair and the following members present: Keller, Walkey, Houser, Derstine, Garrity, Knisely, Wetzel, and Potter.

After the reading of the minutes of the previous session by the clerk, Mr. Pontius, the President announced his committees for the ensuing year as follows:

Finance—Keller, Walkey and Wetzel.
Street—Potter, Houser and Knisely.
Water—Derstine, Wetzel and Garrity.
Fire and Police—Garrity, Knisely and Potter.
Market—Wetzel, Keller and Houser.
Nuisance—Knisely, Houser and Derstine.
Village Improvement—Walkey, Keller and Knisely.

Verbal communications were called for and Burgess Edmund Blanchard arose and made his maiden speech to council. He asked the hearty co-operation of council in his efforts to administer the duties of his office assuring them of his intention to perform them to the best of his ability. He also urged upon council the necessity of a new lock-up the present one being in a very bad condition.

Citizens of East Howard street and of East Bishop street appeared before council and asked them to take action in regard to the bad condition of the gutters on those streets which causes them to overflow every time it rains flooding the cellars of the property owners and causing great damage.

H. C. Quigley Esq., of the board of health, stated that complaint had been made to the board in regard to the bad sanitary condition along Howard street caused by the cellars being flooded with water. He also asked that an appropriation of $100.00 be granted the board of health for the ensuing year.

On the recommendation of the fire and police committee Amos Mullen and H. H. Montgomery were re-elected police officers for the ensuing year.

The finance committee recommended E. R. Chambers, Esq., for borough solicitor and Henry Wetzel for borough engineer and both were elected.

Samuel Ryan was re-elected water superintendent for 1900 on the recommendation of the water committee.

Street committee decided to leave the selection of a street commissioner to a vote of the council. Thomas Shaughensy, Sr., and Joel Johnson were placed in nomination. The vote resulted 5 to 4 in favor of Shaughensy and he was therefore declared elected.

J. Mitch Cunningham was elected water assessor for the ensuing year.

The fire and police committee was ordered to investigate and hunt up a new site for a lock-up and report at next meeting.

The board of health was granted its annual appropriation of $100 for the ensuing year.

A vote of thanks was extended to Burgess Edmund Blanchard for his generous hospitality in entertaining the Council at dinner Monday evening.

The street committee was ordered to investigate the trouble on Howard and Bishop streets and remedy same if within the power of Council.

The report of the finance committee was as follows:

Bal. due Trea. March 6, 99	1,898.93
Borough Orders paid	11577.88
Water Orders paid	5651.04
Interest	2871.00
	21390.85
Rec'd of Co. Trea.	570.00
Rec'd of Water Com.	18.30
Rec'd of Street Com.	85.38
Rec'd of Market Com.	81.90
High Constable	18.50
Ray Dup. '94	50.00
Taylor '97	1760.00
" '98	2109.45
" '99	15619.10
	20,245.53
Bal. due Trea. March 5,1900,	1144.32

The following bills were approved and ordered paid:

Bellefonte Gas Co., heat for public building and Undine building	74.00
E. E. Ill., Co., light for lock-up, public building	11.00
Police Pay Roll	35.00
E. E. Ill., Co., light	2.70
Bellefonte Fuel & Supply Co., coal for W. W.	52.68
Water Pay Roll	96.00
R. B. Taylor, coal for W. W.	63.00
Joel H. Johnson, janitor	8.00
Street Pay Roll	40 80
Joel H. Johnson, hauling	1.20
Wm. Utz, blacksmithing	2.05
E. E. Ill. Co., lighting streets	365.16
W. H. Musser, administering oaths	.75
N. E. Robb, recording deed for Sheffer alley	2.40
	$ 754.74

NEW COUNCIL ORGANIZED.

Chief Burgess Blanchard and Poor Overseer Brouse Take Their Oaths of Office.

Monday morning at 10 o'clock the old council met and finished up their business and the new councilmen were sworn in. John Knisely, from the West ward, and George L. Potter, from the North ward, were the new members, and Pat Garrity, who was re-elected from the South ward, were sworn in. Tripple and Shaffer are the retiring members. They have made excellent officials and retire with the thanks of the public whom they have served so faithfully.

Edmund Blanchard, Esq., was sworn in as Burgess, R. S. Brouse as Poor Overseer, and Charles F. Cook as Treasurer. The oaths were administered by Justice of the Peace W. H. Musser.

The new Council organized by electing C. T. Gerberich president, and H. B. Pontius clerk, after which they adjourned to meet in the evening.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

Passed by Centre Lodge No 153, I. O. O. F. on the Death of John R. Sheffler.

Four times during the present fiscal year of Centre Lodge No. 153, I. O. O. F. have the members been called upon to follow the remains of a deceased brother to the grave. The last to pass away was Past Grand John R. Sheffler whose remains they followed to their last resting place in Union cemetery on Monday February 19, 1900.

While we remember his sterling integrity, his upright and honest life, his unswerving devotion to the principles of our beloved order, his kind and unspotted example of love and fidelity to his family, his character and sincerity as a teacher in our Common Schools for more than thirty years proving a powerful incentive to the enobling and uplifting of the youth entrusted to his care. We extend to the bereaved family our heartfelt sympathy in this their sorrow, recommending them to place their trust and keeping in Him who is too wise to err, and doeth all things so well that not even a sparrow falls to the ground without His notice. Resting assured that only in proportion as we live the life of the good Samaritan are we doing the will of the Master.

COM. { A. LUKENBACH, JOHN G. DUBBS, JOHN I. OLEWINE.

Trees Advancing in Nebraska.

Prof. C. E. Bessey announces in a letter to Science that he has obtained evidence that trees, including such species as oak hickory, willow, cottonwood, elm and box elder, are rapidly advancing in eastern Nebraska. The area covered by them are gradually creeping up the courses of the streams and spreading out laterally. In some cases, the "tree soil" along rivers has, within 25 years, increased in width from 100 feet to half a mile and even a mile.

A Life for Each 121,315 Tons.

The report of Mine Inspector Edward Brennan, of the Seventh Anthracite district for the past year, shows that there were 6,308,334.03 tons of coal mined, 20,317 persons employed, 52 fatal accidents and 142 non fatal. Most of the accidents were caused by falls of coal and roof. For every 121,315 tons of coal mined a life was sacrificed.

—United States naval authorities say that seldom in the history of this arm of the service has there been so good a chance for young men entering the navy, for the reason that there is a shortage of officers.

—The house of J. V. Brown, one of Williamsport's wealthiest citizens, was ransacked by thieves and $1,000 worth of silver, cutlery and a sealskin coat were carried off Sunday night. Mr. and Mrs. Brown are at present in Florida in search of health.

—A French scientific association which is excavating on the sites of ancient Persian cities has found evidences of the existence of an advanced civilization centuries older than any of which the world has any record.

—Kruger is being advised to sue for peace and take the best terms he can get. So much English blood has been shed it is doubtful whether he could get any better terms than allowing the Boers to become British subjects and their country a British colony.

QUAY CASE HANGS FIRE

The Senate Still Debating, But the Issue Has Been Shifted

GOOD FELLOWSHIP THE PLEA

Startling Ballot Frauds Unearthed in Northampton County, State Chairman Reeder's Home—Several Men Under Arrest, With Sensational Disclosures.

NEW CANDIDATES FOR PRISON BARS

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Harrisburg, March 6.—It is likely that the Quay case, which has been dragging along in the United States senate, will reach a vote in about ten days or less. There is considerable uncertainty as to the outcome, as the conditions upon which Mr. Quay is now asking admission have changed materially.

When he first asked to be admitted on the appointment of Governor Stone Attorney General Elkin presented legal and alleged constitutional reasons why he ought to be seated. The flimsiness of the argument convinced Mr. Quay and his friends that he could not get in on such a basis, and now his friends are putting his admission on the grounds of his being a "good fellow."

Senator Turley, of Tennessee, and Senator Ross, of Vermont, who have spoken against Mr. Quay, have shown up the hollowness of Mr. Elkin's argument that it is right and perfectly constitutional to admit Mr. Quay on Governor Stone's appointment.

GOOD FELLOWSHIP.

The argument of good fellowship covers a good many things, for instance the influence of the corporations. The Standard Oil company and the Sugar trust have been particularly and perniciously active in endeavoring to secure the seating of Mr. Quay. They are, of course, not interested in him solely on the score of good fellowship.

"Holding the views I do, I would disregard the oath I have taken were I to vote to seat Mr. Quay," said Senator Ross, of Vermont, in the senate on Saturday last.

Senator Ross made a brilliant speech against the seating of Mr. Quay, and he started off, according to Washington dispatches, by saying that very soon after the appointment of Quay by Governor Stone he received two telegrams inquiring if he would vote to seat Mr. Quay. He replied to these by stating that it was a question of a proper construction of the constitution. During the summer he had read and studied a great deal on the subject and had considered the majority and minority reports from the committee on privileges and elections, and had arrived at the conclusions he presented.

In the Pennsylvania case, he said, the vacancy was complete, while the legislature was in session. Whether the governor had the power to fill the vacancy must be determined by the constitution. It was the manifest intention of the constitution that senatorial representation is to be chosen by the legislatures of the states, and it was presumed by the framers of the constitution that legislatures would discharge their duties. The constitution, Mr. Ross said, does not empower a governor to appoint while a legislature is in session, but only to fill vacancies happening during a recess of the legislature.

In his argument Mr. Ross made frequent references to the plea of "Mr. Quay's attorney" before the committee on privileges and elections. These allusions were appreciated by those who knew that it was John P. Elkin, attorney general of Pennsylvania, who argued Mr. Quay's case before the committee.

Mr. Ross declared that the contention that a governor had power to fill a vacancy which the legislature neglected to fill tended to elevate partisanship and put support of a caucus nominee above duty to state and nation.

Washington and his associates had no such intention. Not for a moment did they let party spirit dominate their action. The contention of the minority was anomalous and startling. There had never been an occasion where a legislature failed to elect a senator that the cause of the failure had not been a determination of a faction to elect a particular, partisan candidate.

MORE ELECTION FRAUDS.

It would seem that as soon as election fraud workers are detected and punished in one part of the state the machine manages to bring a fresh crop to the surface in another part. The latest sensational arrests come from Northampton county, the home of General Frank Reeder, the Republican machine's state chairman. Reeder's principal lieutenant in Northampton county, and in his home city of Easton, Henry G. Seip, census supervisor for the Northampton district, is under arrest for fraudulent vouching at last week's election, together with a colored preacher and several others, charged with the most flagrant ballot frauds ever known in that section of the state.

The Philadelphia North American, which has given unusual prominence to these cases, and assisted in their exposure, says in an interview with James F. Woodring, district attorney:

"There is no possible doubt that the men arrested in the First ward of Easton are all guilty as charged," remarked the district attorney. "That the work was done for Reeder is a matter of common knowledge. They have tried to get me to let up on these cases, but I have refused positively to make any compromise. George Coffin came to see me, and I also saw Harry Seip, who is a friend of mine. I told Harry he ought to have thought of his friendship for me before he perjured himself on vouchers for illegal voters."

All of the guilty parties have been arrested and are under bail, and the prosecuting authorities declare that the next batch of men to go to prison for ballot crime will be from Northampton county.

CONGRESSMAN HARMER DEAD.

The "Father of the House" a Victim of Kidney Disease.

Philadelphia, March 7.—Congressman Alfred C. Harmer, of the Fifth Pennsylvania district, and the "Father of the House," died last night at his home in Germantown, a suburb of this city. Mr. Harmer had been ill since last November, when he was stricken with an attack of kidney trouble. He recovered sufficiently to attend the opening of congress in December, but later was again confined to his bed. A few days ago he suffered a relapse. He died surrounded by his wife, three sons and two daughters.

Alfred C. Harmer was born in Germantown on Aug. 8, 1825. He was

THE LATE ALFRED C. HARMER.

educated in the public schools and in the Germantown academy. He began his public career in 1856, when he was elected to city councils for four years. In 1860 he was elected recorder of deeds for this city for three years. He was elected to congress in 1870, and re-elected to every subsequent congress with the exception of the Forty-fourth. The one break in his long congressional career was due to a three-cornered fight. Neither he nor his Republican opponent would yield, and John Robbins, a Democrat, slipped in and captured the prize by about 1,000 pluralities. Mr. Harmer was elected by a substantial majority in 1876, and since had no difficulty in retaining his seat, his majority almost constantly increased, he being returned to the present congress with 30,000 majority.

THE LAWTON TESTIMONIAL.

Widow of the General Receives $98,432.07 as the People's Gift.

Washington, March 7.—An interesting scene occurred at the Riggs National bank yesterday when the fund raised by a grateful people in recognition of the services of the late Major General Lawton was formally transferred to his widow. The parties to the transactions were Mrs. Mary C. Lawton, Adjutant General Corbin, Acting Commissary General Weston and Mr. C. C. Glover, the last named representing the bank. General Corbin, as treasurer of the fund, drew a check for $98,407.07 in favor of Mary C. Lawton, and saw that it was transferred to her credit on the books of the bank. At the same time his account as treasurer of the fund was closed. On his return to his office General Corbin received a check for $25 from Mr. James C. Carter, of New York, which the sender asked to be added to the Lawton fund, explaining that he would have sent it earlier, but he had been out of the country. It will be turned over to Mrs. Lawton, and will make the total fund $98,432.07.

Brutal Murders by Negro Robbers.

Baxley, Ga., March 7.—Dan Mimms, a young farmer, living 20 miles from here, was murdered by two negro ratbers Monday. He was on his porch when attacked, and when his wife ran out the robbers had killed him. She tried to escape with her baby, but the negroes killed the child and beat her so cruelly that her life is despaired of. The murderers live in the neighborhood. They are both less than 20 years of age. They are being pursued.

Cost of the Philippines War.

Washington, March 7.—Acting Secretary of War Meikeljohn sent to the house of representatives yesterday a statement of expenditures by the war department covering the military operations in the Philippines, including outstanding liabilities from May 1, 1898, to Nov. 1, 1899, prepared in response to a resolution of inquiry from the house. The total is given at $28,000,000.

Additional Locals.

She was bred in old Kentucky,
Where the meadow grass runs red;
Where a man is out of danger
If he happens to be dead.
She was bred in old Kentucky,
And it is a burning shame;
But don't censure her—remember
That the girl is not to blame.

—That big flood was the real thing.

—February gave us all sorts of weather.

—Changes in the weather are made while you wait.

—No matter how run down it may feel the clock never takes a day off.

—Daniel Hess, the founder of Linden Hall, now 82, reads and writes without glasses.

—The new match factory now employs seventy-five hands and is supplying the local trade with matches.

—The mayor of Altoona has determined to enforce the Curfew law of the city. Persons under sixteen years of age must not be found on the street unaccompanied by an adult after the hour of 9:30 o'clock.

—A fire mysteriously originated in a dressing room of the Curwensville opera house Wednesday night and spread through the building so as to destroy a great deal of the scenery and furniture before being extinguished. The building itself was only slightly damaged.

—Every day or two Mr. Henry Frick is reported to be at the head of some new and gigantic enterprise, but he will probably find his suit against Mr. Andrew Carnegie, his former partner, for $21,000,000, an enterprise big enough to monopolize his attention for a while.

—H. A. McKee Esq., who has secured a good position in the Will department of the city of Pittsburg will move his family to that place in a short time. He will make sale of his household effects on March 19th. Bellefonte will be sorry to loose such a good citizen, but what is our loss is Pittsburg's gain. Yet we congratulate Mr. McKee, on securing such a good position and wish him much prosperity in his new home.

To Accommodate those who are partial to the use of atomizers in applying liquids into the nasal passages for *Catarrhal troubles*, the proprietors prepare Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price including the spraying tube is 75 cents. Druggists or by mail. The liquid embodies the medicinal properties of the solid preparation. Cream Balm is quickly absorbed by the membrane and does not dry up the secretions but changes them to a natural and healthy character. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad company at last has undisputed possession of the famous Horse Shoe bend above Altoona, and Altoona now owns the ground on which her water works are located. The discovery had been made that the lands on which the Horse Shoe bend and Altoona water works were located had never been patented and no warrant had ever been issued for them, the original surveyor having left them out of the plot when he did the work. The surveyor quietly informed the railroad company and the city and they at once made application to the board of public property for the land and began advertising the fact that they had made such application. The time for advertising expired Wednesday, and there being no opposition to granting the warrant, the Internal Affairs department issued it. The land in question comprises seventeen acres and the company paid 26⅔ cents an acre for it, with $15 fees, and now holds it absolutely.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

—Somerset county, in order to reap the benefit offered by an act of assembly approved May 25, 1897, has erected a substantial hospital for the insane, which inspected and dedicated last Friday afternoon. The building, which cost $12,152, forms a valuable addition to the group of buildings on the county home farm, and it will be the means of large savings to the county. It has a capacity of 100 patients, and its plan and equipment have been highly approved by the state board of charities. The county has been maintaining as many as sixty indigent insane persons, a large number of them in state institutions at Dixmont, Harrisburg, Wernersville and Polk, at an expense to the county of more than $2,000 a year. All of these will be brought home, and under the act referred to the county will receive from the state $1.50 per week for each indigent insane person maintained. It is estimated that the county will gain about $7,000 a year through this new system of caring for its insane, which will soon cover the cost of the new building.

A Casket of Pearls.

Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets would prove a far greater solace to the disheartened dyspeptic if he would but test their potency. They're veritable gems in preventing the seating of stomach disorders, by aiding and stimulating digestion—18 of these health "pearls" in a box—and they cost 10 cents—tested by the people—recommended by most eminent physicians—sure and pure. 90.

For sale by F. Potts Green.

ALL WOMEN AGREE.

A druggist in Macon, Ga., says: "I have sold a large quantity of **Mother's Friend,** and have never known an instance where it has failed to produce the good results claimed for it. All women agree that it makes labor shorter and less painful."

Mother's Friend

is not a chance remedy. Its good effects are readily experienced by all expectant mothers who use it. Years ago it passed the experimental stage. While it always shortens labor and lessens the pains of delivery, it is also of the greatest benefit during the earlier months of pregnancy Morning sickness and nervousness are readily overcome, and the liniment relaxes the strained muscles, permitting them to expand without causing distress. Mother's Friend gives great recuperative power to the mother, and her recovery is sure and rapid. Danger from rising and swelled breasts is done away with completely.

Sold by druggists for $1 a bottle.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

Send for our free illustrated book for expectant mothers.

Monument Fund.

The following sums for the Soldier's Monument fund have been received to date from the public schools in the county:

Name, number, district,	Amount
Scotia, two, Patton	$3.68
Wolfs Store, one, Miles	7.07
Holts, one, Boggs	1.50
Hannah, one, Taylor	2.00
Ebb's, one, Half Moon	.50
Rebersburg, three, Miles	16 31
Vonada, one, Haines	.25
Aaronsburg, three, Haines	4.00
Coburn, two, Penn	1.36
Pine Stump, one, Potter	.75
Henderson, one, Taylor	.72
Brungart's, one, Miles	1.00
Millheim, four, Millheim	3.04
N. Philipsburg, two, Rush	5.15
Cold Stream, one, Rush	1.50
S. Philipsburg, two, S. Philipsburg	2.00
Gatesburg, one, Ferguson	.65
Point Lookout, two, Rush	4.50
Park, one, Rush	1.50
Gem, one, Rush	1.00
Philipsburg, fifteen, Philipsburg	34.41
Livonia, one, Miles	1.45
Pee Mills, one, Haines	1 10
Mount Vernon, one, Taylor	.30
Pleasant Hill, two, Spring	3.21
No. 1 School, one, Marion	2.60

Schools reported 53, Amt. Recd. $101 55

Teachers, remit promptly, but do not send the amount collected in postage stamps.

C. L. Gramley, Supt.

Bellefonte, Pa., Feb. 26, 1900.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County, }

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

(SEAL)

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A Centre County Attorney's Victory.

Attorney J. Calvin Meyer, of this place, recently won quite a legal victory in the Circuit court of Maryland.

It was in a suit brought by F. W. Crider and Geo. VanTries, of Bellefonte, and Will Weber, of Howard, owners of a stone quarry in Frederick, Maryland, to recover royalty on stones taken from their property. With Mr. Meyer the owners went to Frederick on the 11th ult., and after being admitted to practice there he first changed the manner of the proceeding, as brought by the firm's local counsel. He then went into the Circuit court and conducted the case so brilliantly as to excite the admiration and congratulation of all the resident attorneys.

Those who were there say that the effect of Mr. Meyer's work was remarkable, both upon the court and the audience. He secured a verdict of $693 for his clients.

What Do Children Drink.

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their system. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

LIST OF JURORS.

The following jurors were drawn for April term of court, commencing Monday April 23rd, and to continue for two weeks:

GRAND JURORS—1ST WEEK.

Joseph L. Gardner, teacher	Howard
Emanuel Roan, farmer	Benner
Thomas Evers, laborer	Walker
J. L. Thorp, farmer	Boggs
Alfred Vail, laborer	Philipsburg
William T. Lucas, laborer	Howard
W. H. Holter, carpenter	Howard
Henry Etters, farmer	College
Charles Lingle, farmer	Boggs
James Carson, farmer	Spring
John I. Thompson, bookkeeper	College
J. C. Mallory, laborer	Miles
Fred Todd, coal operator	Philipsburg
W. Galer Morrison, gentleman	Bellefonte
John H. Crane, teacher	Worth
M. C. Walk, farmer	Taylor
E. T. Hicklen, laborer	Howard
G. H. Rishel, farmer	Gregg
James Irwin, bookkeeper	Snow Shoe
David Sowers, laborer	Gregg
S. E. Troy, clerk	Rush
William Love, farmer	Benner
Bower Schenck, farmer	Liberty
Joseph Ceader, baker	Bellefonte

TRAVERSE JURORS—1ST WEEK.

B. J. Laport, justice	Philipsburg
C. E. Zeigler, musician	Gregg
John Rishel, farmer	Benner
George Hoy, farmer	Walker
A. P. Shoop, marble dealer	Philipsburg
George Fausler, laborer	Worth
William Orr, farmer	Marion
T. A. Pletcher, harnessmaker	Howard
N. E. Grove, farmer	Benner
Isaac Armstrong, innkeeper	College
H. E. Crouse, huckster	Haines
J. N. Zerby, laborer	Gregg
Albert Lyon, laborer	Spring
W. W. Neese, farmer	Gregg
J. C. Weaver, insurance agent	Bellefonte
J. L. Holmes, teacher	State College
William Mann, Jr., farmer	Curtin
Rufus Bearley, farmer	Marion
Amos Fehl, laborer	Miles
John Todd, Jr., coal operator	Rush
James Harris, merchant	Bellefonte
Claude B. Hess, farmer	Ferguson
Reuben Smull, farmer	Miles
John Somers, drayman	Philipsburg
James W. Beck, laborer	Marion
C. C. Eckert, R. R. laborer	Boggs
L. N. McCauley, laborer	Walker
C. N. Pletcher, carpenter	Howard
James T. Marks, wagonmaker	Worth
Robert Cambridge, gentleman	Unionville
J. W. Bower, blacksmith	Haines
George Swabb, farmer	Harris
Brady Beightol, laborer	Snow Shoe
J. A. Witmer, farmer	College
J. L. Marshall, farmer	Benner
J. W. Sundy, farmer	Ferguson
Blair Walte, farmer	Halfmoon
M. D. Snyder, merchant	State College
Frank T. Wallace, brickmaker	Boggs
Michael Zong, optician	Walker
Alfred Swarm, plasterer	Miles
William H. Limbert, teacher	Miles
David Bohn, farmer	Harris
John Q. Miles, farmer	Huston
George T. Bush, merchant	Bellefonte
William H. Shope, laborer	Milesburg
R. U. Bitner, teacher	Gregg
George H. Hastings, farmer	Benner

TRAVERSE JURORS—2ND WEEK.

B. F. Kennelly, stonemason	Gregg
Daniel Dreibelbis, farmer	Ferguson
John S. Yearick, farmer	Spring
Isaac Miller, carpenter	Bellefonte
Roger T. Bayard, Y. M. C. A. Sec.	Bfte
T. F. Adams, agent	Bellefonte
W. D. O'Brian, bookkeeper	Snow Shoe
Adam Ertle, shoemaker	Gregg
Daniel W. Zeigler, farmer	Gregg
David Hoy, teamster	State College
J. J. Wayne, laborer	Rush
James T. McCulley, liveryman	Bellefonte
Jessie Irwin, laborer	Burnside
James B. Poorman, farmer	Curtin
Henry Bruugart, undertaker	Miles
Monroe Armor, farmer	Bellefonte
W. H. Cauldron, farmer	Spring
T. D. Jamison, insurance agent	Gregg
Ephraim Gardner, farmer	Liberty
Fred Kurtz, Jr., painter	Centre Hall
B. F. Keister, shoemaker	Millheim
William Reed, stonemason	Bellefonte
G. E. Stover, carpenter	Haines
George Diehl, farmer	Miles
H. E. Royer, farmer	Potter
Frank Tubridy, laborer	Snow Shoe
Ira G. Burket, merchant	Halfmoon
H. B. Wilcox, carpenter	S. Philipsburg
John F. Harrison, teacher	Bellefonte
John H. Houser, painter	Bellefonte
R. D. Blowers, laborer	Rush
Wesley Weaver, farmer	Taylor
W. H. Poorman, carpenter	Spring
John D. Decker, lumberman	Potter
George W. Runkle, carpenter	Gregg
Sigmund Joseph, merchant	Bellefonte
Henry Wingart, farmer	Penn
Christ Eckley, laborer	Benner
George B. Winter, constable	Miles
Bruce Mitchell, laborer	College

He Fooled the Surgeons.

All doctors told Renick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, Ohio, after suffering 18 months from rectal fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world. Surest pile cure on earth. 25c a box at F. Potts Green's drug store.

—A little advertising is better than none and much of it is nearly enough. When the profits from any investment are sure and steady it should be enlarged rather than contracted. Advertising is just such an investment, and hence it appeals to the business instinct of every progressive merchant.

The vision of the stork is one which brightens the eyes and quickens the heart beat of every young wife. Yet often the vision is never realized, and as the laughter of infant voices floats from without into the childless home the eyes sadden and the heart grows hungry.

It often happens that childlessness is due to conditions which may be corrected. Many women have found that the vitality and vigor imparted by Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription to the womanly organs, has been the one thing needful to fulfill the joy of motherhood. This famous medicine is not a cure-all, but a specialist's prescription, having as a single aim the cure of diseases peculiar to women.

Sick or weak women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., by letter, free of charge, thus avoiding the indelicate questions, offensive examinations, and local treatments, generally considered necessary by inexperienced practitioners. All letters are held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Each answer is sent in a perfectly plain envelope.

There is neither alcohol nor other intoxicant contained in "Favorite Prescription," and it is absolutely free from opium, cocaine and all narcotic drugs.

"My wife was sick for over eight years," writes Albert H. Fulte, Esq., of Altamont, Grundy County, Tenn. "She had uterine disease and was treated by two physicians and got no relief. At last I read, in one of your Memorandum Books which you sent me, about Dr. Pierce's medicines, and we decided to try his 'Favorite Prescription.' I sent to the drug store and got one bottle and the first dose gave ease and sleep. She had not slept any for three nights. Being sure that it would cure her I sent for five more bottles, and when she had taken the sixth bottle she was sound and well. We now have a fine boy at our house."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets promote a healthy condition of the stomach.

THE FINEST ON THE ROAD.

Lyman H. Howe's Exhibition of Moving Pictures Pleased a Big Audience.

A large audience greeted Lyman H. Howe's up-to-date exhibition of moving pictures at the Opera house Thursday night and everyone pronounced it at once the finest entertainment of the kind ever seen in Bellefonte. The pictures were all clear and distinct and marvelously true to life. The pictures covered a wide variety of subjects and scenes in all parts of the world. That the audience was pleased was plainly manifested by the continuous applause which greeted every scene exhibited.

Specially interesting scenes were those from the Boer war in South Africa, and the eight weird scenes of magic by Prof. Houdin the great French magician.

George Channing Darling made a decided hit during the intervals by crayon work and smoke painting. His recitation of one of James Whitcomb Riley's poems stamped him as an elocutionist of marked ability. Altogether it proved one of the cleanest, most refined and pleasing entertainments that has appeared in Bellefonte for a long time.

The proceeds of the entertainment, which was under the direction of Gregg Post, were for the benefit of the Soldier's Monument fund and nearly fifty dollars was realized clear of expenses.

A Lady's Perfect Companion.

Painless Childbirth, our new book, tells how any woman may become a mother without suffering any pain whatever. Also how to treat and overcome morning sickness, swelled limbs and other evils attending pregnancy. It is reliable and highly endorsed by physicians as the wife's true private companion. Send two-cent stamp for descriptive circulars and confidential letter sent in sealed envelope. Address Frank Thomas & Co, Publishers, Baltimore, Md.
jel-3m

A Postoffice Ruling.

The postoffice department has authorized the issue and use in the mails of reply envelopes and reply cards with out prepayment of postage. To the merchant having an extensive mail business this measure is of great importance. In sending out reply cards under the said system the sender must prepay the postage and take the risk of receiving any reply at all. A merchant who sends out thousands of these cards is thus subjected to a great loss because the reply cards on which he has paid postage are frequently left unused. Under the new plan he will not be called upon to pay the postage upon the reply cards until they are returned to him.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

—About the first of May postoffices will be supplied with small books of 2-cent stamps inter-leaved with paraffined paper to prevent adhesion. This new and commendable departure of the postoffice department has been previously referred to in these columns. The pages are of six stamps each, making a book of convenient size to carry in pocket or pocketbook. Books of three quantities will be supplied: one of 12 stamps, one of 24 stamps, and one of 48 stamps. Each book will be sold at an advance of one cent on the stamp value, to cover cost of binding.

What's Your Face Worth?

Sometimes a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, all signs of liver trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills give clear skin, rosy cheeks, rich complexion. Only 25 cents at F. Potts Green's drug store.

Lenten Rules for 1900.

Archbishop Corrigan has sent to the clergy a circular letter, outlining the regulations to be observed by the Roman Catholic laity during the Lenten season. Some of the rules prescribed by the Archbishop are as follows:

"All the week days of Lent are fast days of precept, on one meal, with the allowance of a moderate collation in the evening.

"The church excuses from the obligation of fasting, but not the abstinence from flesh meat, except in special cases of sickness, the infirm, those who are attaining their growth, those whose duties are of an exhausting or laborious character and all who are enfeebled by old age.

"The use of flesh meat is allowed at every meal on the Sundays of Lent and at the principal meal on Monday, Tuesday and Saturday, Ember Saturday and Holy Saturday excepted.

"The use of eggs and white meats is allowed every day at the principal meal and also at the collation.

"On Sundays there is neither fast nor abstinence, but fish and flesh may not be used at the same meal.

"Working people are dispensed from the obligation of abstinence on all days of the year except Fridays, Ash Wednesday, Holy Week and Christmas Eve. This includes not only the individual workmen in whose favor it is granted, but all the members of their families as well.

An Error in the Church Census.

We have been requested to state that in the Church census published in our last issue an error appeared in the statistics given for the total Catholic population in Bellefonte. Rev. Father McArdle, pastor of St. John's Catholic church, explains the inaccuracies as due to the omission of at least thirty Catholic families in the census made last week. He states that the total Catholic population should be at least 771. Rev. McArdle makes an annual report of the condition of his parish to the Bishop of the diocese and is in position to know the full strength of his church. We are pleased to make this correction and will gladly rectify any other errors that may have appeared in the summary of the excellent work done by the church visitation committee on Washington's Birthday.

A Fiendish Attack.

An attack was lately made on D. F. Collier, of Cherokee, Iowa, that nearly proved fatal. It came through his kidneys. His back got so lame he could not stoop without great pain, nor sit in a chair except propped by cushions. No remedy helped him until he tried Electric Bitters, which effected such a wonderful change that he writes he feels like a new man. This marvelous medicine cures backache and kidney trouble, purifies the blood and builds up your health. Only 50c at F. Potts Green's drug store.

Visiting 250,000 Homes in a Day.

The Sunday School people of all denominations in Philadelphia have just completed a stupendous Christian work. It aimed to visit one million and a quarter people in one day with an earnest invitation from all churches to them; to divide the city for the work into eighteen districts, one hundred and thirty-seven subdistricts, and these into blocks and sections for each pair of visitors or single visitor. Of these there were enrolled about ten thousand. The purpose of the visitation is simply to give the churches' greetings and invitation, and to take a religious census. Every home was asked to name its church preference or membership, and thus in effect to put under the care of some church and pastor when the cards are carefully distributed. Probably 50,000 people will have no church preference, and these will be systematically visited afterward by earnest Christian people. The visitation took place on Washington's Birthday, February 22d, and returns were made that same evening, in some districts, already tabulated and sent in to headquarters of the city. Quicker and better work than the united census taking, Christians working by nineteenth century business methods.

Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, A Powder,

To shake into your shoes. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Swollen and Sweating feet. At all druggists and shoe stores. 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Assigned to Fort Bayard.

Dr James P. Hepburn, of Williamsport, has been assigned by the war department as assistant surgeon to Fort Bayard, N. M. He left Friday for his new post of duty. Fort Bayard is an old army post, and is situated about 70 miles from the Mexican border. It is at an altitude of 4,500 feet. Soldiers, who are afflicted with tubercular troubles are sent to the hospital at that place, which is most desirably located for treatment in such cases. There are about 150 soldiers there suffering from lung troubles.

Banker Routs a Robber.

J. R. Garrison, cashier of the bank of Thornville, Ohio, has been robbed of health by a serious lung trouble until he tried Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Then he wrote: "It is the best medicine I ever used for a severe cold or a bad case of lung trouble. I always keep a bottle on hand." Don't suffer with coughs, colds, or any throat, chest or lung trouble when you can be cured so easily. Only 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at F. Potts Green's drug store.

Hood's Pills

Are prepared from Nature's mild laxatives, and while gentle are reliable and efficient. They

Rouse the Liver

Cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, and Constipation. Sold everywhere, 25c. per box.

Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

For Foreign Missions.

The Annual Meeting of the W. F. M. S. of Huntingdon, Which Meets Here.

The twenty-fifth annual meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society of Huntingdon presbytery met in the Presbyterian church at Bellefonte Wednesday and will continue its sessions today. The program is as follows:

Wednesday afternoon: Devotional service, led by Mrs. D. K. Freeman, of Huntingdon; roll call, greeting, Miss Anna H. Hoy, Bellefonte, response, Mrs. H. M. Baldridge, Hollidaysburg, young people's hour in of charge Misses Annie Fisher and Mary C. Speer, of Huntingdon; reports; solo, Mrs. Ellis Orvis, Bellefonte; conference; address by Mrs. J. L. Potter, of Persia.

Wednesday evening, popular rally for foreign missions, Hon. James A. Beaver, presiding. Hymn; Scripture reading and prayer, Rev. Wm. Laurie, D. D.; singing, male quartett; address, "The Campaign in India," Rev. Arthur H. Ewing, of India; singing, choir; collection; hymn; benediction; social half hour.

Thursday morning: Hymn, Scripture reading, prayer; secretary's report, Mrs. M. H. Wilson, of Bellefonte; prayer; treasurer's report, Miss S. D. Morrow, Tyrone; prayer; "Our Literature," Miss L. Blanche Miller, Tyrone; music; conference conducted by Mrs. M. W. Thompson; address, Rev. Arthur H. Ewing; announcements.

Thursday afternoon: Hymn, Scripture, prayer; "Early Days as Treasurer," Mrs. J. M. Dorris, Huntingdon; "Hitherto hath the Lord helped us," Miss C. W. Stewart, Spruce Creek; "God's Plan for Our Gifts and Giving," Mrs. N. D. Orbison, Bellefonte; solo, Miss Amber Parks, Tyrone; annual thank offering; reports of committees; address by Mrs. W. L. Vanneman and Mrs. J. L. Potter, of Persia. The day meetings of the society will be conducted by the president, Miss S. R. Lowrie, of Warriorsmark.

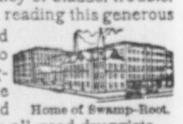
DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Fire at Curtins Works.

A very mysterious fire occurred at Curtins Works Friday evening. Thomas Lowell occupies the house owned by J. C. Barnhart, opposite the Curtin homestead at that place, and Friday evening about 7:30 o'clock while all the family were away the house caught fire in some unknown manner and was burned to the ground with all its contents, not a single piece of furniture being saved. The loss is estimated at $800.00 partially covered by insurance.

Bad Heart—Could Not Lie Down for 18 Months.

"I was unable to lie down in my bed for eighteen months, owing to smothering spells caused by Heart Disease. One bottle of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart removed the trouble, and to-day I am as well as ever I was." L. W. Law, Toronto Junction. This is just one of a thousand such testimonies to the merits of this great cure.—86.

For sale by F. Potts Green.

Musical College.

At the Musical College, Freeburg, Snyder county, Pa., $33 will pay for six weeks, instructions and board. Spring term will begin May 7. For catalogue address.

Henry B. Moyer.
Freeburg Pa.

"DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGHWAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND USE

SAPOLIO

Foster's Weather Forecast.

My last bulletin gave forecasts of the storm wave to cross the continent from March 1 to 5, and the next will reach the Pacific coast about 6, cross the west of the Rockies country by close of 7, great central valleys, 8 to 10, eastern states 11.

Warm wave will cross the west of Rockies country about March 6, great central valleys 8, eastern states 10. Cool wave will cross the west of Rockies country about March 9, great central valleys 11, eastern states 13.

Temperature of the week ending 8 a. m. March 5, will average below normal in the great central valleys, below in the eastern states, above on the Pacific slope. Rainfall for the same period will be above on the Pacific slope, below in the great central valleys, and below in the Atlantic states.

About the dateo this bulletin a moderately high temperature wave will be on the Rockies and will cross to the Atlantic States in two or three days.

March temperature is expected to average about normal. First and last weeks will be cold and middle part of the month will be cold.

A severe cold wave will cross the east of Rockies country about 4 to 9. after which temperature will rise till 18 to 20. From 20 to April 4 a great fall in temperature may be expected, the greates change being about 29 to 24 in the great central valleys, a little later in the eastern states.

Conditions will be favorable to tornadoes not far from March 3, in great central valleys between parallels 35 and 40.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Professional Cards.

HUGH S. TAYLOR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
No. 24 Temple Court. All manner of legal business attended promptly.

W. F. Reeder. H. C. Quigley
REEDER & QUIGLEY.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Office on Allegheny street, 2 doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings, Bellefonte, Pa.

A. A. DALE.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office over Centre County Bank, corner Spring and High streets, Bellefonte, Pa.

CLEMENT DALE.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office over Centre County Bank, corner Spring and High streets, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. M. Bower. Ellis L. Orvis.
ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Office in Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

THE BOON & HILL CO. LTD.
XX CENTURY WALL PAPERS AND MOULDINGS.
416 WOOD STREET,
TEL. 1978 PITTSBURGH, PA.

OUR NEW DESIGNS NOW READY.

AN AGENT WANTED IN EVERY TOWN,

To take orders from our large sample books, which are furnished free to agents. Large discounts allowed. Write for particulars about agency and terms.

MRS. SARAH J. SHAFFER.

Passed Away Friday Afternoon at the Home of Her Brother-in-law C. M. Bower.

Mrs. Sarah J. Shaffer, sister of Mrs. Calvin M. Bower of this place died Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Bower home on East Linn street, aged 61 years 2 months and 5 days.

Death was due to a general breaking down of the system, deceased having been an invalid for several years past.

She was born in Aaronsburg, Haines township, December 25th, 1838, and was the daughter of John Meyer, long since deceased. In August, 1860, she was married to Daniel E. Shaffer, of Madisonburg, who during the rebellion served as 1st Lieutenant in the 148th Pennsylvania Volunteers. Her husband passed to the great beyond in September, 1864. The Meyers and the Shaffer families were among the pioneer settlers of Penn and Brush Valleys

Deceased is survived by two daughters. Mrs. Peter Shelley, of Lancaster county, and Mrs. James Ettinger, of Aaronsburg, Also the following brothers and sisters: D. J. Meyers, of Centre Hall; Joseph K. Meyers, of Centre Mills; Mrs. Malinda Shook, of Williamsport, and Mrs. C. M. Bower, of Bellefonte.

The remains were taken to Aaronsburg for interment, where the funeral took place from the Reformed church, of which Mrs. Shaffer was a member, Monday morning. The services were conducted by Rev. F. W. Brown, of Aaronsburg, assisted by Rev. T. Levan Bickle, of Bellefonte.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A Well Deserved Compliment.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith of East Bishop street have returned from a pleasant two weeks visit in Philadelphia. Mr. Smith, who sometime ago met with a painful accident resulting in the fracture of his left, and only wrist, had his injured arm examined by a noted surgeon while in the city who pronounced the treatment given the injury by our local surgeon to have been of the first class. He stated that the fracture necessitated the most careful and skillful treatment and such it received to the utmost degree. The continued annoyance and pain Mr. Smith experiences from the accident is due entirely, said the Philadelphia surgeon, to rheumatism and not to improper surgical attendance.

Pill-osophy.

There are pills and pills—but Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills at 10 cents a vial lead in demand. The sale borders on the phenomenal. Sluggish Liver, Constipation or Irregular Bowels are the precursors of many physical disorders. These little wonders remove the cause. 40 In a vial fo 10 cents.—89.

For sale by F. Potts Green.

—The National Industrial Commission, in its report to Congress, recommends publicity and equal treatment by transportation lines as the best treatment for truste. The publicity to be obtained by a law making the books of trusts accessible to all stockholders, and the equality in transportation by a law against freight discrimination.

LOCAL and CLIMATIC

Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure.

CATARRH

The Specific is

Elys Cream Balm

It is quickly Absorbed. Gives relief at once. Opens and cleanses the Nasal passages. Allays inflammation. Heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No injurious drug. Regular size 50 cents; Family size $1.00 at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St. New York

NEW YORK TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE

MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY. PRACTICALLY DAILY AND THE CHEAPEST KNOWN

A new and remarkably attractive publication, profusely illustrated with portraits and half-tones; contains all the striking news features of the Daily Tribune.

Special War Despatches, Domestic and Foreign Correspondence, Short Stories, Humorous Illustrations, Industrial Information, Fashion Notes, Agricultural Matters carefully treated, and comprehensive and Reliable Financial and Market Reports. It is mailed at same hour as the daily edition, reaches a large proportion of subscribers on date of issue, and each edition is a thoroughly up-to-date daily family newspaper for busy people.

Regular subscription price,

$1.50 per year.

We furnish it with the REPUBLICAN for

$2.00 per year.

NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE

PUBLISHED ON THURSDAY.

For over fifty-eight years a National Family Paper for farmers and villagers, whose readers have represented the very best element of our country population.

It gives all important news of the nation and world, the most reliable market reports. Fascinating short stories, an unexcelled agricultural department, scientific and mechanical information, fashion articles for the women, humorous illustrations for old and young. It is "The People's Paper" for the entire United States.

Regular subscription price,

$1.00 per year.

We furnish it with the REPUBLICAN for

$1.25 per year.

Send all orders to "THE REPUBLICAN," Bellefonte, Pa.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

Township Act of 1899 Declared to Be Unconstitutional by Judge Woodward, of Luzerne County.

The new Township act passed by the Legislature in 1899 and declared to be unconstitutional by Judge Woodward at Wilkesbarre provides for a radical departure from the township government in vogue throughout the State, says the Philadelphia *Public Ledger*. The object of the act is to enable townships having a certain density of population to secure public improvements which can at present be obtained only under city or borough governments. The act is elaborate. It divides the townships of the State into two classes. The first class includes those having a population of at least 300 to the square mile, as shown by the last United States census. All other townships are included in a second class. County commissioners are directed to ascertain whether any townships in their jurisdiction come within the first class, and, if so, to designate them by proclamation before January 1, 1900. The township governments constituted by the act shall go into operation on the first Monday of March next. Officers of the townships of the first class were elected on the third Tuesday in February. The officials created by the act are township commissioners, treasurer, assessor and auditor. The old office of supervisor of highways ceases to exist in such townships, but all existing township laws, except as modified by the act, continue in force.

The duties of the township commissioners are similar to those of borough councilmen. They refer to the grading, paving, lighting, and repairing of public highways, and, on application of the owners of a majority of the lineal feet frontage along any highway in any village within the township, the commissioners may cause the sidewalks to be paved and curbed at the expense of the abutting properties. Power is given the commissioners to construct sewers and a drainage system at the expense of the properties benefited. They can abate nuisances, maintain a police force, purchase fire apparatus, levy taxes, borrow money, create a township debt within certain limitations, and pass ordinances, with appropriate penalties, to give effect to their powers. The act authorizes the commissioners to appoint one or more engineers of highways to direct the construction of roads which are to be "effectually opened and constantly kept in repair at all seasons." The other officials, treasurer and auditor, perform the duties usually attaching to these offices.

The question of the constitutionality of the act came before Judge Woodward on an appeal of certain residents of Plain township, Luzerne County, to be permitted to work out their road taxes as under the old township law, but not permissible in townships to which the new law applies. Judge Woodward holds that the new act is special legislation, and prohibited by the Constitution. It was declared that of the 1,522 townships in the State, less than 20 would come within the requirements of the act, and that the classification was not such as was permissible. The test case will be appealed to the Supreme court for final disposition.

The Pennsylvania constitution prohibits the Legislature from passing any local or special law upon many subjects. Among the special laws under the ban are those regulating the affairs of counties, townships, wards, boroughs or school districts. By the device of city classification laws applicable to certain cities have been sustained as constitutionally valid. Counties can also be classified for legislative purposes on the same principle as cities. Townships, too, may be subject to classification for legislative purposes; but in all these cases it is possible that the classification may be defective as being essentially for the purpose of special legislation. In this instance Judge Woodward holds that while the townships are divided into two classes the legislation is only for one of the classes. The act provides that townships of the second class shall continue to be governed as provided by laws in force at the date of the passage of the act. There is therefore no new legislation as to the townships of the second class. The deliverance of the Supreme court on the point will be awaited with interest.

Grain-O! Grain-O!

Remember the name when you want a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it. Grain-O is made of pure grain, it aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder and the children as well as the adults can drink it with great benefit. Costs about ¼ as much as coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

—Colonel Theodore Burchfield has received authority from Adjutant General Stewart to organize the band for the Fifth regiment Infantry, National Guard of Pennsylvania. The matter will be placed in charge of Chief Musician D. Liepold, of Clearfield. The band will consist of sixteen members, two men from each of the eight companies of the regiment. Just what instruments will be included in the make up of the band, has not been definitely settled upon as yet.

This will Interest Mothers.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, Cure Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Disorders. *Break up Colds*, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. *They never fail.* Over 10,000 testimonials. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

No More Hazing at State College.

For about a month past the Sophomores at State College have been causing the Freshmen who wore mustaches no end of trouble. They "visited" several of the Freshmen and either cut their mustaches or compelled the Freshmen themselves to cut them.

On Friday evening, the 9th, about 20 Sophomores held up the only remaining Freshmen who wore a mustache, and cut it as best they could in the dark. They only succeeded, however, in trimming one side, and that about half off, so the young man trimmed the other side even and continued to wear what was left.

The Sophomores were not yet satisfied, so on Tuesday, the 13, they caught the offending Freshmen in the main building as he was coming from class and cut off the remainder of his mustache. The Freshman then reported the matter to the president, who started an investigation, with the result that on Tuesday morning Messrs Lorenza and Miles, two Sophomores, were expelled from college and several other members of the class were placed on probation.

The Sophomores held a class meeting at noon Tuesday and decided to request the president to reinstate Lorenza and Miles or the class would strike. They have as yet received no reply. The excitement was high in the college for the faculty is determined to suppress hazing, no matter what the cost may be.—Centre Reporter.

The Flood Had Undisputed Sway.

There are not a few citizens who hold to the opinion that the loss of the several hundred feet of the boardwalk on Water street during the flood on Thursday was as much, if not more, due to the carelessness of borough officials as it was to high water. While we hesitate to express an opinion on a subject upon which we do not feel sufficiently informed we do think that perhaps the boardwalk might have been saved had proper, or even any, precaution been taken to guard it from the ravages of the flood. It is gone, and not alone, for it persuaded the foot-bridge, that spanned Spring Creek opposite the roundhouse, after a few minutes of resistless argument, to accompany it on its flight to dear knows where, and they never will come back. The few shekels in the borough cash box will be fewer still when the flood damages are defrayed.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Woman Shrieked; Man Fled.

The sniffling of a dog and a woman's shriek prevented one of the boldest robberies ever attempted in Williamsport Wednesday. With a skeleton key the man let himself into the residence of Liveryman J. D. McCollum. After piling the furs of the household near the front door he began work in an upstairs room. In an adjoining room, sweeping, was Mrs. Jane Pilling, whose pet dog detected the robber. Mrs. Pilling shrieked and the robber bolted, leaving most of his plunder behind.

Write for the free booklet: "Merry Tid-bits for Thirsty Times."

Hires Rootbeer time is here

THE CHARLES E. HIRES CO., Philadelphia, Pa.
Makers of Hires Condensed Milk

Do you know a good thing when you try it?

If so, try CYDONINE for chapped hands and face—try it after you shave—give it a fair, honest trial—if it does not do for you what we say it will, come in and get your money. Hundreds are using it every day—they are recommending it to their friends. It heals, it is pleasantly perfumed, it costs but 15 cts. Ask your druggist for it. Our "Antiseptic Tooth Wash" at 25c is fully guaranteed at

We Guarantee It.

Green's Pharmacy,

L EWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD
In effect July 10, 1899.

Westward.				Eastward	
p m	a m			a m	p m
1 38	5 40		Montandon	9 15	4 50
1 45	6 35		Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 57	6 47		Vicksburg	8 53	4 35
2 05	6 55		Mifflinburg	8 45	4 27
2 16	7 07		Millmont	8 33	4 16
2 23	7 13		Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40		Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50		Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57		Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05		Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 23	8 11		Penns Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18		Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24		Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31		Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35		Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39		Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43		Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52		Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 55		Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 30	9 00		Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect Nov. 20, 1899.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.25 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.09 p m, at Altoona 7.35 p m, at Pittsburg 11 30 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.25 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.09 p m, at Harrisburg 10 p m

Via Lock Haven—Northward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m

Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.45 p m, at Williamsport 3.50 p m

Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12 40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3 15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.45 p m, arrive at Williamsport 3.50 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m

Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m, leave Williamsport 1.05 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.55 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 6.52 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 2.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.47, at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD.
Time table in effect July 10, 1899.

NORTHWARD.					SOUTHWARD		
EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
7 20	3 20	8 30	..... Tyrone	8 5	11 20	6 10
7 26	3 26	8 36	...East Tyrone..	8 49	11 14	6 04
7 28	3 28	8 38	.....Tyrone S.....		11 12	6 02
7 31	3 30	8 31	..... Vail	8 43	11 09	5 57
7 41	3 40	8 42	...Vanscoyoc...	8 38	11 02	5 52
7 45	3 44	8 47	.....Gardner.....	8 37	10 59	5 48
7 54	3 53	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant...	8 27	10 51	5 40
8 00	3 59	9 05	..... Summit	8 20	10 44	5 32
8 05	4 03	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 38	5 27
8 08	4 05	9 11	..... Retort	8 11	10 35	5 24
8 07	4 06	9 12	..... Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 19
8 15	4 12	9 19	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	5 08
		9 26	.Osceola Junct		10 20	5 04
8 19	4 16	9 29	.....Boynton.....	7 55	10 17	5 01
8 23	4 20	9 32	..... Steiners	7 51	10 13	4 57
8 26	4 23	9 40	...Philipsburg...	7 50	10 12	4 56
8 31	4 29	9 45	.....Graham.....	7 46	10 07	4 51
8 36	4 34	9 50	..... Blue Ball	7 41	10 02	4 46
8 42	4 40	9 56	.....Wallaceton...	7 36	9 56	4 39
8 47	4 45	10 02	..... Bigler	7 31	9 50	4 33
8 53	4 50	10 08	...Woodland....	7 26	9 45	4 27
8 56	4 54	10 11	Mineral Springs	7 23	9 42	4 25
9 00	4 58	10 15	..... Barrett	7 21	9 40	4 20
9 04	5 02	10 22	.....Leonard.....	7 17	9 35	4 15
9 09	5 07	10 26	.....Clearfield ...	7 13	9 31	4 09
9 14	5 12	10 32	.....Riverview...	7 09	9 26	4 03
9 20	5 18	10 39	Sugue, Bridge	7 04	9 20	3 56
9 25	5 27	10 44	...Curwensville...	7 00	9 15	3 51
	5 45	10 59	.....Rustic.....	6 54		3 35
	5 51	10 58	.....Stronach.....	6 46		3 27
	5 57	11 04	....Grampian....	49		3 21
P M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after July 10, 1899.

Westward.				Eastward.		
55	53	51		50	52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
2 45	12 10	8 55	..Lock Haven..	10 30	2 43	9 30
3 49		8 59	...Flemington ...	10 24	2 39	9 26
3 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....	10 22	2 37	9 24
4 02	12 28	9 12	...Beech Creek...	10 11	2 26	9 13
4 05	12 29	9 15	....Eagleville....	10 08	2 23	9 10
4 11	12 38	9 24	.....Howard.....	9 59	2 14	9 01
4 20		9 36	...Mount Eagle...	9 53	2 08	8 55
4 25	12 48	9 34	.....Curtin.....	9 49	2 04	8 51
4 32	12 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....	9 40	1 55	8 45
4 44	1 05	9 58	.....Bellefonte.....	9 28	1 42	8 31
4 53	1 13	10 01	...Milesburg	9 18	1 33	8 23
4 56	1 16	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...	9 15	1 30	8 20
5 03	1 23	10 11	...Unionville....	9 07	1 23	8 12
5 12	1 31	10 20	.....Julian	8 58	1 14	8 03
5 21	1 39	10 28	.....Martha.....	8 49	1 06	7 54
5 28	1 45	10 36	...Port Matilda...	8 42	1 00	7 47
5 35	1 51	10 44	.....Hannah.....	8 35	12 54	7 40
5 37		10 46	.....Fowler.....	8 33	12 52	7 38
5 40		10 49	.....Dix.....	8 30	12 50	7 35
5 46	2 01	10 56	...Bald Eagle...	8 24	12 44	7 29
5 50	2 05	11 00	.....Vail	8 20	12 40	7 25
5 54	2 09	11 04	...East Tyrone...	8 16	12 36	7 21
6 00	2 15	11 10	.....Tyrone.....	8 10	12 30	7 15
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN.			Jan. 21, 1900.		READ UP		
No. 1	No. 5	No. 3			No. 6	No. 2	No. 4
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	Lv.	A.R.	p.m	a.m.	p.m
*7 10	*6 30	*2 40	Bellefonte		9 02	9 40	5 16
7 22	6 42	2 52	Nigh		8 49	9 27	4 57
7 28	6 48	2 58	Zion		8 43	9 21	4 51
7 33	6 54	3 03	Hecla Park		8 38	9 16	4 46
7 35	6 55	3 05	Dunkles		8 36	9 14	4 44
7 39	6 59	3 09	Hublersburg		8 32	9 10	4 40
7 43	7 03	3 13	Snydertown		8 28	9 06	4 36
7 46	7 06	4 16	Nittany		8 25	9 03	4 33
7 48	7 09	3 18	Huston		8 22	9 00	4 30
7 51	7 12	3 21	Lamar		8 19	8 57	4 27
7 55	7 15	3 23	Clintondale		8 16	8 54	4 24
7 57	7 19	3 27	Krider's S'n'g		8 12	8 49	4 19
8 02	7 24	3 32	Mackeyville		8 06	8 43	4 13
8 08	7 30	3 38	Cedar Springs		7 59	8 37	4 07
8 16	7 32	3 40	Salona		7 57	8 35	4 05
8 15	7 37	3 45	Mill Hall		*7 52	*8 30	*4 00
			(BEECH CREEK R. R.)				
11 45			Jersey Shore			7 55	3 25
12 20	8 15		Arr	Lve		7 25	*2 50
12 34	8 45		WM'PORT	Arr		*6 55	2 30
	11 30		(PHILA AND READING RY)				
8 28		7 09	PHILA			11 30	*8 36
10 40		*9 30	NEW YORK (Via Phila)			9 00	*4 30
p.m			Ar.	Lv.		p.m.	a.m.

*Daily. * Week Days. $ 6 00 p. m. Sunday? ‡ 10 55 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 11 36 p. m

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent.

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect July 10, 1899.

a m		STATIONS.		p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe	Leave	3 15
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection		4 56
10 01	5 55	Milesburg		5 05
9 53	5 45	Leave Bellefonte	Arrive	5 20

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD.					EASTWARD.		
College Accm.	Exp.				Mail.	Exp.	Accm.
1†	*5	*3	Lv	Ar	*2	*4	6†
a.m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m	p. m
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte	8 50	2 40	6 40	
6 38	4 21	10 37	Coleville	8 40	2 25	6 30	
f638	f4 25	f10 42	Morris	f 8 35	f2 22	f6 27	
f643	f4 28	f10 47	Whitmer	f8 35	f2 17	f6 23	
f646	f4 33	f10 53	Hunters	f8 31	f2 10	f6 21	
f650	f4 36	f10 56	Filmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 18	
f655	f4 40	f11 02	Briarly	f8 24	f2 00	f6 14	
7 00	4 43	11 05	Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10	
f703	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 07	
f712	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52	
7 25	5 00	11 15	State College	8 00	1 30	5 45	
f727	f5 05	f11 24	Struble	f7 45	f1 34	f5 25	
f731	f5 10		Bloomsdorf	f7 40		f5 20	
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15	

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

f stops on flag. † Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Sup't.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

A. A. CURES | FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES | SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES | SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. CURES | WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES | COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. CURES | COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES | KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES | SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES | BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

50c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, VITAL WEAKNESS and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

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A wonderful improvement in Friction Feeds and Gig-Back. Back motion of Carriage 5 times as fast as any other in the market. Friction Clutch Feed, causing all the feed gearing to stand still while backing; great saving in power and wear. Catalogue and prices free. Also Spring Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Shellers, etc. *Mention this paper.*

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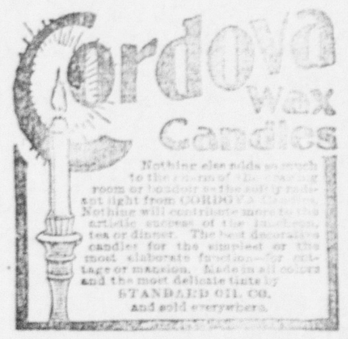

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himself. With a complete history of his life by Rev. CHAS. F. GOSS, Pastor of Mr. Moody's Chicago Church for five years, and an Introduction by Rev. LYMAN ABBOTT, D. D. Brand new, 600 pp., *beautifully illustrated.* $1,000 more AGENTS WANTED—Men and Women. Sales immense—a harvest time for Agents. Send for terms to A. D. WORTHINGTON & CO., Hartford, Conn.

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Mention this paper.

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For all Bilious and Nervous Diseases. They purify the Blood and give Healthy action to the entire system.

Cure DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION and PIMPLES.

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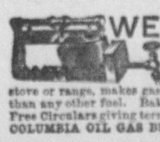

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The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

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WILBUR F. HARRIS.

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SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	$ 12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisements at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

WILBUR F. HARRIS.

COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The following named gentlemen compose the Republican Executive Committee of Centre County for the year 1900.

WILBUR F. REEDER, Chairman, Bellefonte.
Henry C. Quigley, Secretary, Bellefonte.
Harry Keller, W. Rees, J. Thomas Mitchell } Ass't Sec's, Bellefonte.

DISTRICT.	NAME	ADDRESS.
Bellefonte,	N W...F. C. Williams	Bellefonte
"	S W...John Morgan,	"
"	W W...Earle C Tuten,	"
Centre Hall boro.	W O Rearick	Centre Hall
Milesburg	" Alfred S Smith	Milesburg
Millheim	" J Spigelmyer	Millheim
Howard	" Robert Cook, Jr.	Howard
Philipsburg	1 w C T Fryberger	Philipsburg
"	2, Geo E Lamb	Philipsburg
"	3" Howard Simler	"
South Philipsburg	Thos Crownover,	Ph'psbg
College boro	Philip D Foster	State College
Unionville Boro	Howard Holzworth	Fleming
Benner twp,	N P, David Rothrock	Bellefonte
Bennet twp,	S P...David Shinesmith	"
Boggs Twp	N P Thos. Malone	Yarnell
Boggs Twp	E P H R Curtin	Roland
Boggs Twp	W P Jas M Mullen	Milesburg
Burnside Twp	D G Stewart	Moshannon
College Twp	Wm. Thompson, Jr	Lemont
Curtin "	R C Daley	Romola
Ferguson Twp	E P. A Stine Walker,	P G Mills
Ferguson "	W P. J H Musser,	Pa. Furnace
Gregg "	N P Isaac Smith	Farmers Mills
Gregg "	E P. Jos. K. Bitner,	Penn Hall
Gregg "	W P. Wm Allison	Spring Mills
Haines "	E P, J C F Motz	Woodward
Haines "	W P, Jas S Weaver	Aaronsb'g
Half Moon "	C W Hunter	Stormstown
Harris "	Scott Bricker	Boalsburg
Howard "	John Turner	Mt. Eagle
Huston "	G G Fink	Julian
Liberty "	W S Holter	Blanchard
Marion "	Samuel Aley	Walker
Miles	E P M W Adams	Livonia
"	M. P. Thos E Royer	Rebersburg
"	W. P Reuben Grimm	Madisonburg
Patton	John W Balsor	Benore
Penn "	J B Motz	Coburn
Potter Twp	N P Isaac Shawver	Centre Hall
Potter "	S P Alexander McCoy	Pot'rs Mills
Rush "	N P David Kinkead	Philipsburg
Rush "	S P Harry S Stuart,	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe	E P W A Sickle	Snow Shoe
"	W P. J W Harshbarger,	Moshannon
Spring Twp	N P Harry Hull	Bellefonte
Spring "	S P John Bilger	Pleasant Gap
Taylor "	W P Snyder Tate	Bellefonte
Taylor "	A R Price	Hannah Furnace
Union "	E P Barton	Fleming
Worth "	B C Woodring	Port Matilda
Walker "	M P. Irvin Yarnell	Hublersburg
" "	E P. L E Rogers	Nittany
" "	W P J J Stine	Zion

EDITORIAL.

How hot will Kansas City be on July 4th? 116 to 1 in the shade?

A DEAF and dumb man has broken two fingers arguing on the Puerto Rican tariff.

IT is likely to be some time before a national convention is held either in Manila or San Juan.

IF winter will linger in the lap of spring long enough to compel a postponement of the Populist convention the country will be grateful. There are some things worse than blizzards.

THE United States is now the greatest coal producer in the world and sells its product at a less rate than it can be bought in England. As a consequence, American coal is being sent to a number of points on the continent of Europe.

FORMER SENATOR EDMUNDS has parted company with the little coterie of anti-imperialists who are willing to risk the financial dishonor of their country by voting for Bryan this fall. Senator Edmunds says he cannot go that far.

STATE TREASURER-ELECT COLONEL JAMES E. BARNETT has been delegated to lead the Quay forces against Congressman Acheson in Washington, Greene and Fayette counties. Perhaps it would be well for the gallant Colonel to remember that there are no rice dykes in the 24th Congressional district and he should arrange his campaign accordingly.

THE story goes that ex-Senator Quay has made his political will and that Congressman Joe Sibley, the recent convert to the Republican party from the Democratic fold, is named as his senatorial legatee. The ex-Senator may make his will and leave his possessions to whom he pleases but when it comes to bestowing his political assets upon his personal choice the people will have something to say and his bequests are likely to be contested.

HE LAUGHS BEST WHO LAUGHS LAST.

The Quay organs of the State are shrieking themselves hoarse over the results of last week's primary elections held in various counties in the Commonwealth. They deem the battle for Quay already won and are wildly jubilant over the triumphant victory so decidedly expressed, as viewed from their standpoint of observation and conviction.

In counties where the Republican organization is in control of the machine it is not surprising to those who are familiar with Quay methods and practices, that Quay candidates win out at the primary contests. The success of these machine cat's-paws at primary elections, however, does not signify that they will be victorious in November. A large proportion of citizens in every county and legislative district in the State know that a Quay candidate for legislative preferment cannot be relied upon to use his vote and influence in favor of honest election laws and ballot reform, a crying need in Pennsylvania today. They also know that a vote for a Quay candidate is a vote in favor of Quay's election to the United States Senate and a vote for the continuance in power of a political machine whose notorious career has been the degradation of Pennsylvania, the debauchery of our ballot, the corruption of our elections, and a perversion of official authority to the selfish and mercenary interests of its chief factors to the serious detriment of the State and its institutions, the people and their rights and privileges, and the Republican party and its honor and reputation. This the honest, law abiding and law respecting citizens of Pennsylvania know and this they will earnestly strive to prevent. While they may be in many districts unable to hinder the nomination of Quayites for the legislature they will still have the means of registering their abhorrence for Quay and his machine at the polls by supporting the candidate, whatever may be his political complexion, who has not the Quay ring in his nose.

The end is not yet, ye heralds of corruptionists, ballot thieves and election frauds, ye defenders of a besmirched and discredited leader. Restrain yourselve, sound not your cymbals too loud and long. The woods of political difficulties and uncertainties through which you must pursue your course bridges the distance between the present and election day, and not until November 6th coming will you hear, in all its might and force, the voice of the people and learn the fate of your chieftain and his band of understudies.

WHAT MIGHT HAVE BEEN.

The Honorable Boies Penrose, Pennsylvania's able (?) and lonesome representative in the United States Senate, should thank his stars that his election to the United States Senate was not disputed before the Senate committee on elections and privileges. The way of the political transgressor is hard and abounds in unpleasant and unsavory revelations when subjected to the searchlight of investigation. Doubtless the harrowing experience thro' which Senator-elect Clark, of Montana, painfully wended his way before the Senate committee on elections and privileges has clothed Mr. Penrose in goose-flesh more than once during the past few weeks and forced him to exclaim in the quiet and secrecy of his closet, "Ye gods, what might have been."

FAITHFUL TO ITS PLEDGES.

The Republican party has kept faith with the country. It pledged itself to revise the tariff on protection lines and to pass a bill establishing the gold standard. It has done both, and in addition it has added an imperial domain to the territory of the United States. It has waged a successful war, and has taken the first step towards the building of the Nicaraguan canal, to say nothing of the boundless prosperity which it has developed, a prosperity which speaks for itself in every city and town and countryside in this broad land of ours. The Republican party has been true to its promises, loyal to the country and a benefactor of the people.

HIS COUNTRY BEFORE HIS PARTY.

"We are today Greater America, but that greatness will be lost if we forget the political philosophy which has made us great—expansion of American thought, mechanical skill, civilization and the philosophy of development. Under a destiny unforeseen and uncontrolled by us, the power and institutions of the nation have been planted in the East. I believe that if we do our duty it means not only the elevation and uplifting of the people of that far off land, but that it will add to the power and glory of our free institutions and the commercial supremacy of the nation."

Thus spoke Senator McLaurin (democrat) from South Carolina, in a recent address in the United States Senate upon the Administration's policy in the Philippines. A grand, inspiring, patriotic and thoroughly American sentiment permeated his entire discourse but it reached its climax in the foregoing paragraph.

Of an opposite political faith than that of the Administration, whose policy he manfully defended and publicly indorsed, Senator McLaurin rose above partisan politics and stood forth as a champion of American principles, American institutions, for the honor of his country and the glory of the flag. A striking contrast he is to those United States Senators whose puny intellects, and senile infirmities in some instances at least, lead them to assail the President in language that characterizes the bombastic demagogue, who impugn his course of action and seek in their little, contemptible way to discredit the splendid achievements of his Administration during the serious and momentous period of our foreign complications.

It is indeed a matter for self-congratulation that this class of representatives in the United States Senate, whose presence there is a reproach to the judgment and intelligence of their constituents, is a miserable minority, and completely overshadowed by men who are men, Americans who are Americans, patriots who are patriots, statesmen who place their country and its interests before their party and its ambitions.

EQUAL TO THE EMERGENCY.

President McKinley's feeling in the Puerto Rican tariff matter has been strikingly shown by his sending to Congress a message asking it to turn over to the island all the duties collected to date on goods sent to the United States. A bill was at once introduced in the House and passed within an hour, despite Democratic attempts to play politics and delay matters, placing the money at the President's disposal to be expended as he sees fit. This is certainly the extreme of generosity and should close the mouths of the Administration opposers.

To President McKinley is due the full credit for the passage of the Puerto Rican bill. Following his almost invariable plan, he had abstained from even stating his opinion further than was conveyed in his message last December until it became plain that only an authoritative declaration from him could avert a breach in the Republican party. Then he announced that the reduction of the duty to 15 per cent. of the Dingley rates—which is about 7 per cent. ad valorem—and the limitation of the bill to two years, made it practically a free trade measure, with which he would be entirely contented. The President has never wavered in his opinion that Puerto Rico is entitled to no rights except those that Congress may choose to bestow upon it, and he considered that a mere difference of detail as to rates was not a sufficient ground on which to risk a serious disruption in the party. His conduct throughout the Puerto Rican discussion and his admirable solution of the difficulties it presented must win the admiration and respect of all liberal and fair minded people.

THE National Democratic Convention will convene in Kansas City on July 4. It is wondered if the influence of the birthday of American independence will shame the Democrats into failing to adopt any anti-american planks in its platform.

CELEBRATE CENTRE COUNTY'S CENTENNIAL.

The citizens of Centre County should not allow the year 1900 to pass without a becoming celebration of the county's centennial anniversary. Since the county's erection in the year 1800 a wonderful growth has marked its progress in the march of time. Today it rightfully holds its place in the front rank of the counties in the imperial Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The development of its rich and abundant mineral resources, the advancement of its splendid and incomparable educational system, the achievements of its public men, all, and much more unnecessary to note, combine to make it incumbent upon its citizens to arise to the demands of county pride and suitably and appropriately commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of its birth.

The time for the inauguration of such a movement is now. The opportunity for the organization of a Centennial committee is at hand. Let the Chief Burgesses of the several boroughs of the county join with the Commissioners of the county and formulate a plan by which a creditable and enjoyable centennial celebration may be accomplished. Don't procrastinate, begin now. It is a movement in the right direction and one that will undoubtedly appeal to all citizens in the county and secure their hearty support and co-operation. Start the ball, Mr. Burgess of Bellefonte. As chief municipal officer of the county seat it is fitting that you should lead the way. Centre County must have a centennial celebration or forfeit its reputation for progressiveness and "up-to-dateness."

SAYS BOERS ARE WRONG.

This is the Opinion of a Contributor to the March "Forum."

George T. Becker in a contribution in the March *Forum* entitled "Rights and Wrongs in South Africa" has this to say:

The Boers are fighting for race domination, for the maintenance of a social condition which is mere semi-civilization. The English are fighting to obtain for British subjects in the Transvaal no greater rights than all white foreigners enjoy in every portion of the British empire and in the United States: the right of franchise on reasonable terms, reasonable industrial conditions, and liberty to be civilized after the manner of Anglo-Saxons.

There are some who think the Boer community has a right to complete control of its own territory, and to be as uncivilized or as tyrannical as it may choose. But this is an error. There is an international right corresponding to the right of eminent domain. All rights are enjoyed either by nations or by individuals on the tacit understanding that they be exercised with due consideration for the rights of neighbors and of the greater public. The Boers are attempting to arrest the march of civilization, to hamper industry, and to retard education. England is fighting the battle of civilization. England is fighting for an honest interpretation of the convention which established the South African Republic.

No one on earth values freedom more than the Boers; but, much like the early New England Puritans, they regard it as a treasure to be protected jealously lest some one should share it. They want a monopoly of the rights of free men. They are fighting for freedom to deny freedom to others, to establish a corruption of blood which shall exclude the Anglo-Saxon race from what the Boers consider their heritage.

In spite of their picturesque medievalism and the gallantry of their attack on a vast empire, the Boers are wrong. The British are fighting for ideas most dear to the American heart—ideas for which under analogous conditions the United States would fly to arms. They deserve our moral support and cordial good wishes. At present they wish nothing more.

THE Quay debate in the Senate is giving the people of the United States a fine opportunity of learning who among their distinguished representatives in the Senate have no respect for constitutional mandates.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Mch. 5th, 1900

President McKinley's trip to New York, to attend the annual dinner of the Ohio society, from which he returned to-day, was a pleasant break in a protracted season of very hard work. Mrs. McKinley accompanied him and both expressed themselves as having had a very enjoyable time. The congratulations offered the President on all sides on the able and timely speech he made at the Ohio dinner were relations with the Philippines to be much discussed. The attitude taken the received with his usual modesty. That speech answers many of his critics.

Senator Foraker's statement that while we were bound by the Peace Treaty with Spain, to maintain the "open door" commercially in the Philippines, we cannot give the Philippines free trade with us, has caused the question of our trade relations with the Philippines, to be much discussed. The attitude taken by the republicans in passing the Porto Rico tariff bill is that Congress has the right to impose what ever duty it may see fit upon the products of any outlying possession of the U. S. While it is believed that the U. S. Supreme Court will sustain that attitude, no man can say with certainty in advance what the decision of that court will be; hence the discussion. One thing is reasonably certain, and that is, that if called upon to surrender the protective tariff or the Philippines, the republican party would decide to give up the Philippines, because, as Senator Foraker said, to give the Philippines free trade would be to open our markets to all the world through them.

All of the republican members of the House have been requested to be in their seats every day during the present week, and the request has greatly alarmed the democrats The reason for the request is simple enough, but it cannot be stated at this time without betraying a party secret to the enemy.

The Senate will this week adopt the conference report on the Finance Bill.

Secretary Hay will not discuss the report that this government has threatened Germany with a commercial war, if the Meat bill reported to the Reichstag becomes a law but from other sources it is learned that representations by Ambassador White to the German government, caused assurances to be given that the features objected to by this government will not be in the bill when it becomes a law. No uneasiness is felt in Washington. Germany has more to lose that we have by tarriff war, and will not be likely to invite one. It is believed that the German Emperor is merely playing a little game of home politics in order to get support for some of his pet schemes, including a large appropriation for the increase of his Navy.

President McKinley's message to Congress recommending that the money collected, under the Dingley tariff law, on Porto Rican products —some $2,000,000—and that which will be collected until the new law goes into effect be used for the benefit of Porto Rico which is in such immediate need of money, was a surprise to the democrats, but not to the republican leaders, who knew that it was to follow the passage of the Porto Rico tariff bill, being a part of the plan to give the island the money it needs for immediate public expenditures. The House deserves credit for the promptness with which it met the President's recommendation by passing a bill placing the money at his disposal. The democrats, with a few exceptions, opposed the bill, which was passed by a vote of 162 to 107, although acknowledging it to be a good one and to be necessary. They explained their adverse votes by the flimsy excuse that they objected because the bill placed the money at the President's disposal, instead of appropriating it for specific purposes. The Senate will pass the bill without any unnecessary delay. Then the rejuvenation of Porto Rico will be assured, as this money, together with the 15 per cent duty which will be imposed by the new tariff bill for two years will furnish ample revenues for the time being. But the best thing about the bill giving the President authority to use the money already collected, for the benefit of Porto Rico, is that it heads off the democratic attempt to make political capital by claiming that the republicans were disposed to be unjust to the Porto Ricans.

All the testimony has been taken in the Clark bribery case, and a very disgusting lot of testimony it was, too, almost without exception. Mch. 20 has been set to begin the hearing of arguments, each side to have six hours to speak in and to be allowed to file printed briefs

It is now practically certain that the House Committee on Rules, will report a rule for the Hepburn Nicaragua Canal Bill, and there is little doubt that the bill will be passed by a large majority.

No time has been set for voting on the Quay case, and since his being seated became a certainty, his friends are not disposed to hurry Senators who wish to make speeches on the case.

FARMING BY WIRE.

Huxley, the scientist, stated that our vital force is the transformed energy of inorganic matter absorbed by plants which within ourselves becomes muscular strength and brain tissue.

If the power of living things depends upon latent forces in matter, then perhaps these forces may be able to affect an organism in their turn—possibly mould its future growth if applied in time or exercise a marked effect on its development.

A remarkable experiment has been tried with an egg which was being hatched. It was found that an electric current of sufficient strength to kill the fowl did not destroy the vitality of the germ in the egg. But the chicken when hatched was of abnormal shape and monstrous in appearance. These facts prove that the organization of a growing thing is influenced by the impress of a force upon it before it reaches maturity.

The Massachusetts Agricultural College has proved that electricity stimulates the growth of plants. Mr. Asa S. Kinney has made experiments for three or four years. They prove that a seed planted in the ground does not grow as quickly as one rushed in its development by electricity.

Two lots of twelve groups, each of 112 seeds, were soaked in water and placed in cylindrical glass vessels open at each end. The receptacles had dipping into them copper disks to which a current was applied. The seeds were kept at a temperature of from 45 to 50 degrees.

The seeds treated electrically grew 30 per cent, quicker than those treated in the regular manner A great percentage of seeds used in farming are wasted, as a rule, and no effort is made to save them. They rot or dry up. By the above process germination is started beforehand, thus increasing the chances of growth.

An electric clock performed the service automatically of allowing the current to affect the seed once an hour for about thirty seconds. Slow growing seeds grew rapidly after the treatment.

EASTERN Democrats have been booming the Hon. Richard Olney, President Cleveland's Secretary of State, for the Vice Presidency. Mr. Olney has come forth with an article supporting expansion and his boom collapsed. Men of Mr. Olney's convictions could not be persuaded to enact the role of tail to Mr. Bryan's kite. Mr. Olney's boomers ought to have ascertained his sentiments before they began to boom.

Mr. Cleveland Moffett will give an account, in *McClure's Magazine* for March, of Edmond Rostand, the author of the most notable and popular drama of modern times, "Cyrano de Bergerac." He will portray Rostand as he came to know him through frank autobiographical talks with him in his own study, and also through talks about him with Coquelin and Bernhardt, who have taken the great parts in Rostand's leading plays. The article will be fully illustrated.

Fire and Catarrh

If there is a fire in your cellar you put it out with water. If the flames are in the kitchen you use water again. If the fire is located in the second story, water is the agent to subdue it. If in the attic, water is still your salvation. Fire is fire, and no matter where located, water puts it out.

Your body is a house of many stories. It is lined throughout with a marvelously sensitive mucous membrane. Whenever this membrane becomes irritated or inflamed, the result is Catarrh. When you catch cold, you have Catarrh of the head, or eyes, or ear or nose. Bronchitis is Catarrh of the bronchial tubes. Pneumonia is Catarrh of the air cells of the lungs. Consumption is Catarrh of the lungs. Heartburn and Dyspepsia are Catarrh of the stomach. Kidney troubles are Catarrh of the kidneys. Biliousness is Catarrh of the liver. Leucorrhoea is Catarrh of the pelvic organs in women. Almost everyone has Catarrh in some form.

Pe-ru-na is the name of a medicine that cures Catarrh in any part of the body, the same as water extinguishes fire in every part of a house. It is a long tried specific for Catarrh in every complication and phase. It restores the delicate pink membrane that lines the inside of the body to a perfectly normal condition, and thus makes the sick well. It is a universal remedy for that universal disease—Catarrh. It is the only true Catarrh cure known to medical science.

The Country Squire.

Harry Rohm is a traveling man, his home is at Huntingdon and he is always full of business and sometimes assumes a humorous mood says the Tyrone Herald. He knows Huntingdon county all over, having even penetrated the wilds of Dudley and vicinity. Harry was here yesterday, and meeting one of our justices of peace proceeded to impart to him a budget of valuable information about 'squireing according to the rules of a rural and diminutive court in the vicinity referred to above. The 'Squire, he said, is a whole court in himself; judge, jury, lawyer, and sometimes persumes to assume the roll of witness. He never condescends to return a case to court, but always settles it on the spot. One of the most important acts of his official career was to divorce a pair of people some years after he had married them. He argued the case before his own court, and concluded that if he had the power to hitch the couple he had also authority to loosen the traces, so he decreed that the obligation placed upon Mr and Mrs. Blank to live under the same roof, and love and care for each other was no longer in force, and they were directed to each choose a congenial path and proceed at once to follow it independently and alone, though the one from the other should be as wide as the continent. The 'Squire's form for swearing witnesses is said to run this way: "You swear by me and Almighty God."

—The anti-imperialists, who have been shuddering at the proposed oppression of the Filipinos by the Administration, are considerably embarrassed at the recent speech of President Schurman at Chicago. As one of the Philippine Commission he pointed out that the plan of goverment for the islands which the Commission has recommended, and to carry out which the President is to appoint another Commission, follows closely the lines of Jefferson's plan for the goverment of the Louisiana purchase. It will hardly be claimed by the antis that the inhabitants of the Louisiana country were less fit for self-government than are the Filipinos to-day.

OF UNTOLD VALUE.

The Information Contained in This Citizen's Statement is Priceless.

The hale, the hearty, the strong can afford to toss this paper to one side impatiently when they read the following, but any sufferer in Bellefonte who has spent a mint of money and hours of excruciating torture caused by kidney complaint, will stand in his own light if he does not follow the valuable advice offered by:

Mr. A. B. Steel, of Half Moon Hill, says:—"I have never had a bad back since I used Doan's Kidney Pills years ago. I procured them at that time from F. Potts Green's drug store and used them, but I have never had any occasion to use them since. I was at that time so bad with lumbago across my kidneys that I had to lay off work. I was hurt at a barn raising some years ago by a heavy timber swinging and striking me in the back. After that whenever I took cold it always affected my kidneys. This was the case for years but Doan's Kidney Pill finished all that suffering. I can speak as highly of this valuable preparation now as I did then."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers, Price 50 cts. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

The 3 cent piece is not entirely out of circulation, according to a Pennsylvania baker. He took in 900 of them last year

LINDEN HALL ITEMS.

Mrs. John Weibly left last week for Watsontown to visit friends there.

John Miller and daughter of Rock Springs visited at F. E. Wielands last week.

William Musser, of Pine Grove, is visiting in this section.

Chas. Shreffler moved to Pleasant Gap last week.

D. M. Campbell who had been visiting friends at Annville, Pa., for several weeks came home last week.

Harry Kern of Bellefonte visited friends here over Sunday.

A. B. Kimport and family of Bellefonte visited with Mr. Kimport's uncle James Kimport of this place over Sunday.

Miss Valeria Gettig after spending a week with her mother at this place, has returned to State College where she is employed.

The flood last Thursday was higher than the week before. The water did considerable damage to the railroad and fences. The mill dam at this place has not been broken although other dams below here have been destroved.

Mr. Dagle of Sunbury will move into Robert McClellan's house at this place this spring.

L. W. Kimport's sale was well attended last Friday.

Henry Zeigler and daughters Elizabeth and Katie attended the funeral of Wm. Rishel at Tuseyville last Saturday.

Mr. John Shuey who has been seriously ill with heart disease all winter, is very low at this writing. Mr. Shuey has always been a good citizen, a kind neighbor and an exemplary christian, he therefore has hosts of friends who sincerely sympathize with him and his wife in their affliction.

AARONSBURG NEWS.

F. A. Holloway's Wisconsin horse sale on last Wednesday passed off with an average of $107.00 per head. Mr. Holloway still has a few fine driving horses unsold.

Wagonmaker James Weaver moved into Charles E. Stover's house on East Main street.

Mrs. Thomas Weaver and her daughter Maud, of New York State, are visiting their friends in this place.

Mrs. Forest Leitzle and Mrs. Forest Stover, are visiting friends in Tyrone this week.

Mrs. O. P. Adams, of Danville, Pa., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Cronmiller, on East Main street.

Mr. Burley Bower, an engineer at the New York Central R. R. shops, Depew, N. Y., is at present visiting relatives in this place. Mr. Bower's residence is at Lancaster, N. Y.

The burial of Mrs. Sarah Shaffer in the Reformed cemetery took place on last Monday. Services were held in the Reformed church in this place, conducted by the Reformed minister. Rev. F. W. Brown, assisted by Rev. Bickle, of Bellefonte. Her remains were brought here from Bellefonte on the Monday morning train.

Mrs. Elizabeth Walter, one of our octogenarians, died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Albert Keener, North 2nd street, last week. Her remains were taken to Millmont, Union county, for burial on last Saturday. Her age was 88 years.

C. M. Bower and wife, J. C. Meyer and wife, A. C. Mingle, Prof. John Bower, of Bellefonte, were down last Monday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Sarah Shaffer.

WEST VIRGINIA MINE HORROR

Over a Hundred Men Entombed by a Terrific Explosion.

FIFTY BODIES RECOVERED.

Fifty-five More Are Believed to Be Still in the Mine.

LITTLE HOPE OF RESCUE ALIVE.

The Explosion Occurred Near the Entrance of the Mine, Which Was Thus Closed by the Falling Slate, Causing Delay in the Work of Rescue—Wives and Children of the Entombed Men Retard the Work of the Rescuers—Many of the Bodies Mangled Beyond Recognition.

Fire Creek, W. Va., March 7.—The most disastrous mine explosion ever known in the New River district occurred at the Red Ash mine shortly after the miners went to work early yesterday morning. Although the most heroic work of the rescuing party has been going on incessantly it is impossible to estimate the full extent of the loss of life and property. More than 50 dead bodies have already been taken out and the number of the dead may reach 120 or more. It is thought that at least 45 miners are yet entombed in the wrecked mine.

The capacity of the mine is 175, but there have been only 130 on the pay roll so far this month, and it is stated that all or nearly all of these were in the mine at the time of the explosion. The manager, superintendent, bosses, bookkeepers and others are very busy with the force of rescuers, but at the same time they are all very reticent as to the extent of the casualties and any other information regarding the disaster. So far as could be learned there are 37 dead bodies in the village that have been taken out of the mine during the day, and there are also parts of human bodies at different places. These bodies as a rule are so mangled as to be beyond recognition.

The Red Ash mine is a large drift, and the explosion occurred near the entrance, which was thus closed by the falling slate, entombing a large number of miners.

The scene of the disaster is between this place and Thurmond on the South branch of the Chesapeake and Ohio railway, and every assistance possible was rendered by the railway company and by the adjoining mining towns. Relief parties from great distances arrived as soon as possible. State Mine Inspector Pinckney, with a corps of experts and many workmen, has been on the ground rendering all assistance possible and devoting his attention more toward relief than to an official investigation as to the cause of the disaster.

J. Fred Effinger, of Staunton, Va., the principal owner of the mines, spared no effort in the work of rescue and relief and his manager, Ferdinand Nowell, had all the men available at work in trying to clear away the debris and rescue the entombed men. The managers and bosses of all the mines in this district came to the scene as soon as possible and joined in the work of rescue. It is impossible to describe the amount of work done by this concentrated army of men, but they were greatly impeded because of the extent of the enormous blockade at the entrance to the shift. The large heavy side tiers of the entrance were blown out to some distance, together with a lot of heavy timbers. Even mules were blown out some distance. The force of such an explosion caused an immense falling of the slate and other debris, so that the entrance was filled up for a great distance and the difficulties in digging through it caused delay in the work of rescue. As many men as could work at one time were digging a way with all their might and were relieved in short relays by other men, so as to expedite the work of rescuing as much as possible.

The first successful strike of the rescuers was about 10 a. m., when ten bodies were recovered. Seven of them were already dead and the other three were dying. As the miners were located at different places in the drift and the explosion caused the falling slate to blockade the rooms in different parts of the mine, the work of rescue met with one great obstruction after another.

At the mouth of the mine the scene was beyond description, the wives and children and the neighbors of those who were known to be entombed were there in full force and their anxiety and distress were most intense. While they were all seeking to help those who were rescued and to get the mine reopened, yet these bereaved people were for the most part in the way of the rescuers and had to be held back from the entrance.

The scenes around the homes where the dead bodies are lying have drawn some of the immense crowd away from the workmen at the entrance to the mine. Those working on the rescue relays say that the scene becomes more terrible as they get farther into the mine. The men become almost faint of heart when they strike a place filled with dead bodies.

Most of the bodies that cannot be identified or recognized have been placed in the large blacksmith shop of the Red Ash Coal company, and that place presents the appearance of a horrible morgue. Although the bodies are mangled beyond recognition, yet they are surrounded by those who are in distress and hunting their lost friends.

The mine is one of the largest in West Virginia, and was very heavily timbered in the different drifts. It was for this reason feared that those who had not been killed by falling debris at the time of the explosion would be pinioned by these connected timbers and suffer death from suffocation. Air was forced into the mine by engines on the surface, which were kept working after the explosion, but it was found that air could be pumped into the drift for only a short distance, as the coal, stone and earth shut off all possibility of reaching the interior. The pumps and all other machinery in the mine were demolished, so that everything had to be done through temporary arrangements on the surface.

The general belief is that the explosion occurred by contact with dust when the miners entered in the morning with their lights, and that it was not due to fire damp, as has been currently reported.

Nearly all the men employed in the mine were white, only about one-fifth being colored, and most of the men were married and had families in the little cottages near the tipple of the great mine.

The population of this mining village is only 500. All are miners, and the calamity will reach almost every little house in the mining town. None of the people here went to their homes during the day, but remained around the Red Ash mine. Food was liberally supplied to the relays of workmen in the rescuing party, but many of the women, who could get no word of comfort, refused to eat or to go to their homes.

The following are the only names of the dead that are obtainable thus far: B. B. Long, fire boss; Brett Long, workman; Tom Long, trapper; Dodo Long, two boys named Long, James Sanders, Charles Fouch, machine runner; Novelle Dewes, Sam Shoup, Carl Downey, Charles Downey, Andrew J. Prett, John Claire, two Hambrick brothers, N. C. Ramsey, Crick Stuart, John Day, Berry Tucker, William Day (dying), Thomas Day, Matt Quarreles, Granville Homes, James Hackney, Sam Jackson, Matt Call, Bill Sledge, Vallie Edger, Joe Elliott, Berry Wright, John Dawson John Kane, Pat Jones, Ed. Harper, Rawson Holmes, Ernest Loy, James Washington and Charles Perfater.

M'KINLEY YIELDED TO CONGRESS.

He Is Still in Favor of Free Trade With Puerto Rico.

Washington, March 7.—The Post says: President McKinley, in conversation with callers at the White House yesterday, reiterated his belief that the people of Puerto Rico were entitled to free trade with the United States. He made it clear that his views had undergone no change since he wrote his message to congress. He still adhered to the sentiment therein expressed. At the same time, he said, he was unable to subscribe to the theory that the constitution followed the flag; that the Puerto Ricans must have free trade as a necessary legal right. When he found that the house deemed it the part of wisdom, the president explained, to impose a small tariff upon condition that the revenues so collected are to be returned to the island, he had been constrained to yield to the judgment of the house. The tariff, under such conditions, would be no hardship to the Puerto Ricans. Moreover, he believed it advisable, at the earliest moment, to secure a decision of the supreme court on the constitutional question involved. Therefore he had given his consent to the nominal tariff and agreed to sign such a bill.

Where She Is a Better Man.

The tramp who declared his intention to marry, for the good and sufficient reason that "a woman could always get work," is no longer a myth. Witness the answer of a man in Spokane to the claim of his divorced wife for alimony, in which he declares that "he can no more than support himself; that the plaintiff is well able to earn good wages, being a stout, able-bodied woman, capable of providing for her own wants, and that in point of fact she did so, both before and after their marriage." The wonder of wonders is why this respondent permitted his supporter, protector and head to escape from the toils of matrimony, in which he had, evidently with the lofty purpose of the aforesaid tramp, cunningly entrapped her.—*Portland Oonireang*

The Wit Mr. Beecher Kept In

In the early days of Mr. Beecher's career wit was unknown in the pulpit, some of the deacons of his church asked him if he didn't think such frequent outbursts of humor were calculated to diminish his usefulness. He listened patiently, and when they finished he said: "Brethren, if you only knew how many funny things I keep in, you wouldn't complain about the few I let out."—March Ladies' Home Journal.

—In view of the fact that he discussed the matter freely and put himself on record in his annual message to Congress, it seems unjust to the President to criticise him for not taking part in the wrangle the members of the House had over Porto Rico tariff bill.

—Not fifty miles from Bellefonte, a Miss Cold Married a Mr. Slaugh. They have a little youngster and they named him Cold Slaugh. Another young lady named Pillow married a young man named Case. In time a young son came to bless their home and they named him Pillow Case.

—A St. Louis Judge has ruled that if a husband be locked out by his wife he may chop down the door, if necessary, to gain entrance—but he has to pay for the door.

STORYETTES.

President Angell, of Ann Arbor university, says that while traveling up the Nile some years ago he was seated on a donkey approaching the ancient ruins of Abydos, when he engaged his Egyptian guide in conversation as well as his western Arabic would permit "Do you give names to your donkeys?" asked the professor. "Oh, yes," was the reply. "This one is called Kalamazoo."

"Tom Moor's Diary" contains an absurb blunder made by Jonn Kemble. He was performing one of his favorite parts at some country theatre and was interrupted from time to time by the crying of a child in the gallery until at length, angered by this rival performance, Kemble walked with solemn steps to the front of the stage and exclaimed in his most tragic tones: "Ladies and gentlemen, unless the play is stopped the child cannot possibly go on."

The great playwright and novelist Dumos once found a man fast asleep in the Theatre Francais during the performance of a play by his friend Soumet

"You see that?" said he. "That is your work." Next evening a Dumas piece was being played and the two friends again went to the theatre. Once more they found a sleeping man. "You see, my dear Dumas, that your works can produce sleep," said Soumet. "Do you refer to that man?" asked Dumas. "Why, he's the man we noticed last night and he's not awake yet!"

Here is a story from an American girl in London about Kipling, says the Los Angeles Times:

"I met an army office's sister who had been in India, and they were speaking of the Anglo-Indian writer.

"I was brough up with him,' said the army woman.

"You knew him, then, as a child?" I asked.

"Oh, yes; Ruddy was the most horrid little wretch of a boy imaginable."

"And you played with him?" I asked, thinking in my little American way that would be something to be proud of.

"Played with him? Never. None of us played with him. He was sulky sensitive, brutal—oh a little wretch are you. But don't repeat it.'

"And so I haven't."

Edited By a Blind Man

Milwaukee has a newspaper called the Weekly Review that is edited, published and read exclusively by blind men. The paper consists of eight pages, 10x15 inches in size, each page containing about 300 words recorded by the New York system. Joseph Gockel, the publisher, has the newspapers read to him daily. From that he prepares cordensed reports of the leading news events of the week for his paper. The "type" from which the paper is printed are sharp-pointed, and instead of making an inked impression on the paper they press into it and make a slight elevation on the surface on the opposite side. There are ten of these points to the inch, and by their arrangements the different letters of the alphabet are indicated. The space between the letters is just twice the space between the dots of the same letter and the space between the words is greater. Blind people acquainted with the system can read it very rapidly, much more rapidly than they could the old style raised letters. There are several peculiarities resulting from this style of printing. One is that the printing is done from the wrong side of the sheet. Another is that the paper can only be printed on one side.—*Fourth Estate.*

In *McClure's Magazine* for March Captain Joshua Slocum, the quaint and hardy Yankee skipper, who once made a voyage around the world all by humself, will tell the story of his unparalleled achievement of sailing the Ericsson torpedo-boat "Destroyer," one of the most unwiedly masses of metal ever constructed to float at all, from New York to Brazil, through the fiercest winds and the highest seas. The article will be illustrated from photographs and drawings.

—Jerusalem has 15 hospitals, the Baron Rothschild's and others being very fine. All free and all full to overflowing.

A WOMAN'S SPRING WARDROBE.

The new spring gowns, made all of one material and not with separate waists as heretofore, will be much worn.

The separate waists will be of light silks and muslins or other thin materials.

Almost all the new spring stuffs are of a soft, clinging quality, which makes them adaptable to the present style of gown.

There are to be some lovely silk muslins with bunches of flowers and sprays of vines and buds worn.

The smartest shirt-waist will be made tucked back and front from the neck down, and the tucks will be rather wide than otherwise. The great tendency is to make the waist line as long as possible in front.

The tailor and walking skirts will barely sweep the ground, and the long trains have entirely passed away with the habit and close-fitting backs.

The return of the bustle is heralded It is not a large affair, but small, well shaped.

Sleeves are still worn tight, and are much trimmed. They are quite long, and the smartest ones are made ending in a point which covers the top of the hand to the knuckles.

Collars are to be worn high, but not as stiff as they have been.

The new hats are made of some fancy straw braids, tulle, or silk nets of the most fantastic shapes. Breasts birds, wings and feathers are much less worn, and you can't have enough flowers.—Edith Lawrence in the March Ladies' Home Journal.

TABLE TALK.

"A March Pot-Pourri," by Lucy Elliot Keeler, is the opening article in the March issue Table Talk. It is interestingly written and will entertain as well as profit its readers. "About the House" is a third paper of a series of articles on this subject It is written by a practical housekeeper. "Family Cake Baking for Young Housekeepers," is an article full of plain practical instruction of great value to new beginners in housekeeping; perhaps to some older ones too. The Department All Through the Year," always has just the information that progressive women are seeking. 'The Household Inquiry Department' answers all questions that perplex the worried housewife. This department is made up entirely of questions asked by the subscribers and answered by the editor. Table Talk is just what every housekeeper needs every day. It teaches exhaustively the art of good cooking, of wise and economical living. Our readers can obtain a specimen copy of this helpful magazine by addressing the Table Talk Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETters of Administration on the estate of Joseph Newman, late of Bellefonte Borough, deceased, having been granted by the Register of Wills of Centre county, to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

HANNAH NEWMAN, Adm'x.
HARRY KELLER, Att'y.
Bellefonte, Pa. m8-6t.

GUYER
SPRING 1900

Montgomery & Co.,
Agents,
Bellefonte, Pa.

THE GRATEFUL WIDOW

By Howard Fielding

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Pretty Annie Kelly married Tom McVeigh, a widower with three children, no money and a heart that may have been in the right place, but the doctor said it was far from the right kind of a heart. These words came true, for Tom died on the evening of his wedding—died of the excitement of it and in the midst of the celebration that followed the ceremony. So there was Annie a widow on her wedding day and with three children to look out for.

She was an orphan, with only an aunt in this country and no one at all in the other except those that lay at rest under the old sod. There was money coming to her from a little estate in Ireland, or at least that was what the lawyers wrote to her, but they had been writing for two years, and she had seen no money.

After her tragic wedding Annie went to live in the home that had been prepared for her—a tenement in one of Timothy Haddon's houses—and she devoted herself to the three fatherless children, thereby bringing on a quarrel with her aunt, who wanted her to put them into an institution.

Cut off by this quarrel from the society of many friends, Annie led a lonesome life and a hard one. It was a terrible struggle for a slip of a girl, but she fed Tom McVeigh's children even

"OH, YOU HAVE BEEN SO GOOD TO ME!"

if she was sometimes hungry herself, and the youngsters were not seen ragged on the street.

It was the rent that bothered Annie the most. It seemed to come due every day instead of every month. At first she could meet it, for her husband had left some small savings, but they soon vanished, and the rent never stopped.

In old Tim Haddon she had the worst landlord in America, but she didn't know that. She saw only Stephen O'Mara, the collector. O'Mara was one of the kindest hearted men alive, but again Annie didn't know it. She knew that he called on the first of the month and took away her money.

O'Mara had had the job about five years. He was only 25 when he got the place through the recommendation of a friend who knew that he needed work. He had no idea of the character of his employer, but he learned that fast enough, and he was more than ready at the end of three months to work at almost anything else. Then it happened that in a certain case he was able by clever advice to help a tenant out of a bad place. It made him feel good in the region of the heart and encouraged him to go on. There was little enough that he could do, but he knew that a hard man in his place would neglect even that little.

O'Mara's visits to Mrs. McVeigh had been short and sweet. She had always had the rent ready for him, and he had had nothing to do but sign the receipt and get out. Sometimes he had been almost mean enough to wish that it wouldn't be ready, so that he could stay and talk to her, for in a very early stage of their extremely formal acquaintance he had discovered that he was hopelessly in love with her.

He hadn't the shadow of an excuse for telling her so, and he wouldn't have dared do it anyway. Except when he called for the rent he had no chance to speak a word to her. Before many months had passed he began to suspect how hard it was for her to scrape together the poor little sum that she had to pay. He felt like a thief every time he took it from her.

"A foine chance there is that she'll ever care for the likes of me," he often said to himself. "She'd sooner be failin in love with a burgular."

Fancy his having to ask her for the rent when he knew that she hadn't the money! It was maddening, but he had to do it three or four days in succession, for there was no other way of finding out how she really was situated, and without knowing he could not advise or help her.

She did not tell him much at first, having a way of keeping her own affairs to herself, but finally she felt compelled to give him some sort of explanation. When he had heard the truth, he almost despaired for her. He saw that in spite of her good sense she was still counting upon the money from across the sea. That dream he had heard about more than a year before from some one who knew her.

"Money's more likely to come to her from the moon than from the old country," said he in the privacy of his own thoughts.

But Annie had a letter from one of the lawyers within a week, and it had said that "affairs were progressing." So she did not so much mind being in debt to the grocer and the milkman. The rent was the terror of her soul, for she believed that O'Mara under his agreeable exterior concealed a heart of flint.

The month was slipping away, and O'Mara knew that unless something was done right away an action for dispossession would be begun. There was only one thing that could stop it, and that was money.

In the little room where O'Mara lived there was a copy of the city directory about eight years old. A clerk in a drug store had given it to him, and he had taken it home because it had the names of all the streets. This was when he first came to New York. The book now served him in a curious capacity. Between the leaves were 78 $5 bills, the amount of his savings. It was a safe bank, for who would think of looking there for money?

One day, after calling on the Widow McVeigh, O'Mara went to his room and turned over five leaves of the directory. At Tim Haddon's office that afternoon Mrs. McVeigh's rent was marked paid.

"I've good news for you this mornin, Mrs. McVeigh," he said when he called upon her next day. "Mr. Haddon says never mind about the rent this month. If you'll pay him when it's convenient, he'll be agreeable, but don't worry about it any more."

He was shaking internally with fear that this story would not be believed, for it seemed to him that everybody must know Tim Haddon by reputation. Seeing upon the widow's face what he took to be a look of incredulity, he plunged deeper into falsehood.

"Since lyin's my job this day I might be afther doin it better," he said to himself and then aloud to her:

"There's them that calls Tim Haddon a hard man, but his heart's like a child's. It's only his manner that's rough. He's all right when you know him. It may be that an agent of his will do a mean thing now and then, but he's not to blame for that."

"Will you tell him how grateful I am to him?" said she. "And it's never a dollar he'll lose by trusting me."

A few days more and the first of another month came along. Annie was just as badly off as before. She had used the few dollars that she had managed to get together to satisfy the grocer and the milkman, but she was counting on some money for sewing done for a dressmaker—quite a fashionable one, too, as Annie informed O'Mara.

This small debt, however, was put off from day to day until one afternoon when Annie called to ask for the amount and found that the dressmaker had moved away without leaving any address. Fruitless search for this delinquent wasted day after day for Annie after that, and she made no progress toward the rent.

The result was that five more leaves of the old directory were turned over, and again the humanity of old Tim Haddon was extolled to his pretty tenant.

Following this there was a long period when Annie could find nothing to do. All through the summer it seemed as if there was no work in the world except that which the care of the little rooms and of the children entailed, and there was no money in that surely.

But for the exemplary charity of Timothy Haddon it is hard to say what Annie could have done.

"Heaven bless and reward him!" she cried, with tears in her eyes, when for the fifth successive month she was informed by O'Mara that the rent didn't matter. "I pray for him every night."

"And I don't know any man that needs it more," O'Mara said under his breath.

Then Annie fell ill, and the tender hearted landlord not only sacrificed his rent, but even sent small contributions of money for his unfortunate tenant.

The old directory was bare of dollars, and Stephen O'Mara had got some work that he could do in the evening to supplement his earnings as Haddon's collector. He weighed 160 pounds instead of 185, but he was happy. His only fear was that Haddon might discharge him. That indeed would be ruin.

In order to bolster up his story of the landlord's generosity Stephen had been obliged to make use of the Irish estate.

"Mr. Haddon believes you'll get the money," he said to Annie, "and he's willin to wait."

By and by Annie got well, and by a stroke of good fortune she secured some work that brought in money regularly. Never had she been happier in her life than when she had saved up $5 for Mr. Haddon. She would show this good angel that she was not ungrateful. He must be one who would appreciate a woman's heartfelt thanks.

It would not do to send her grateful acknowledgments by O'Mara this time. She must present them in person. So, clad in her poor best, she went to Haddon's office.

It was only her statement that she had come to pay money and that she would not give it to any one but Haddon that secured for her admittance to the presence of her benefactor. There he sat at a big desk covered with papers when Annie walked in.

You should see Haddon. He is a curiosity. He looks like a composite of the three heads of Cerberus.

"Well?" he growled as Annie approached, and in spite of what she thought she knew of his real nature the woman shuddered.

It was with difficulty that she was able to identify herself, but at last he understood who she was.

"I have paid you no rent since April," she said. "Oh, you have been so good to me! How should I have lived through the summer but for your charity?"

"My charity!" yelled Haddon. "What is the idiot talking about? No rent since April? Here! Where's O'Mara? He was out there a minute ago. Where's Bernstein?"

Bernstein was the bookkeeper. He appeared on the run. O'Mara followed him. When the latter saw Annie, he knew that the worst had happened. He fell backward into a chair, speechless, and his look was that of a detected criminal. That was just what Haddon believed him to be.

"There's some conspiracy here!" he cried. "How about this McVeigh woman's rent?"

"It's up to date, sir," said Bernstein, who happened to remember.

Haddon wouldn't believe it. Some one was cheating him. The books were being falsified. Discharge O'Mara! Discharge Bernstein! Bounce everybody!

At last, however, the truth shone forth out of all this confusion. O'Mara confessed he had paid the rent himself.

Then various edicts of banishment were recalled, but not that against O'Mara.

"I don't want any such blamed fool working for me," said Haddon. "Pay him half a week's wages and let him go."

Annie and O'Mara left the office together. They rode all the way up town on a car, and neither of them could think of anything to say, but when they got to Annie's door an idea came to her.

"Perhaps my money will come from Ireland," she said. "Then I can pay you."

"When it comes," said he, trying not to show any lack of faith, "I'll send you a bill."

"And in the meantime"—

"In the meantime," said he and stopped, as she had done, but there was a look in his eyes that brought the color to her pale cheeks.

"Remember," said she, with a sad smile, "that I'm a widow with three children."

"If it was 33," said he, "they'd make no difference. But, Annie, you mustn't give yourself to me for gratitude."

"I—I don't think it's that," said she. "I never felt this way when I thought of Mr. Haddon."

"The old scorpion! Forget him! We'll be married next month, on rent day of all others, and be happy in spite of him."

When Annie went up stairs, she found a letter from Ireland saying that the money was really coming at last.

And Probably She's Right.

The woman who says she isn't going anywhere this summer is secretly thinking what a nice long trip she deserves.—Chicago Record.

A DIP INTO LITERATURE.

How Clarence Helped Edith Write a Story.

By Peter McArthur.

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When a bright idea comes to a really nice girl, an outburst of very pretty enthusiasm is sure to follow. What seemed an unusually bright idea came to Edith Verney one afternoon when she was pouting because her father had told her that she must economize until the hard times passed, and she celebrated its arrival with a few steps of an original dance that shook things about and scared her favorite tabby through the window.

She would "earn money by writing a story for a magazine," so she would.

Youth rarely doubts itself, and youth with a literary inspiration never does, so she began work immediately.

"How lucky I bought such a good supply of cream laid paper before papa ordered economy," she thought, "and I'll use the gold pen Clarence gave me last Christmas."

The name of Clarence brought another bright thought into her head. "Why," she cried, "he used to write for a paper in college. Perhaps he'll help me."

Now, Clarence's literary career had been confined to doing the football notes for The Weekly Rah-rah, and he could give more advice regarding a flying wedge than an acceptable bit of fiction, but that didn't matter, and he maintained such a splendid silence in regard to all subjects except false rulings by dunderheaded umpires that the loquacious Mr. Verney considered him a delightful conversationalist, and he had the chief characteristic of one. He was as silent as the sphinx and as attentive a listener as the recording angel.

"I'll get him to criticise my work as I go along, and perhaps I can get some good suggestions from him. Now I must think out a plot. No; I'll think of a title first."

She puzzled her head for awhile, then took a copy of The Century and read a few titles so as to get inspiration. "Mandy," "S'manthy's Cat," "Jerry"—

"Oh, pshaw!" she cried. "These are all dialect stories, and I don't want to write one like that. I am going to write a story that will have a hero in it like Julius Staeger or Henry Miller and a heroine like—well," and she took a good look at herself in a hand mirror that lay on her desk.

Suddenly she laid down the mirror with great decision and said: "I must begin at this story. Let me see. I guess it will be better to write it first and think of the title afterward. Why, of course! How stupid of me not to remember that I read once that Dickens often had his stories finished before hitting on titles for them! Let me think."

"I LOVE YOU, EDITH!"

She proceeded to think in about this fashion:

"The heroine must be a sweet and cultivated girl, a graduate of Vassar and all that, whose father has failed in business. A man who is wealthy and whom she hates makes love to her, and his suit is favored by her father. But she loves another. Let me see—who shall that other be? I'll make him her father's secretary. Papa's typewriter and secretary is a horrid frump of a girl, but that doesn't matter. I wonder if she gets her dresses made by a charity sewing circle. But let me see—where was I? Oh, yes! He is her father's secretary and has a drooping black mustache and looks lovely in evening dress. Of course he is a perfect gentleman. Why, I can make him a nobleman of fallen fortunes who is living incognito. That's splendid, and I think it's quite original too. I must try to keep everything in my story as original as possible."

"There, now, I think I have a lovely plot. I never thought it was so easy to get up a plot before. All one has to do is just to sit down and think, and it all comes into one's head so nice. Now I must get names for my people. What shall I call my hero? Reginald? Algernon? Jack? No; I have it. I'll call him Clarence. Clarence won't object, and I've always liked his name. I wonder if he'll be sure to come tonight." At this point she unconsciously looked at herself in the mirror again. "I don't believe this frock becomes me nearly so well as the pink one. Dear me, it is almost dinner time! I shall put on the pink one!"

So she proceeded to dress. The literary instinct had not yet affected her sufficiently to make her forget her appearance. While dressing she hit on a name for her heroine. She would call her Constance. It had a fine sound, besides conveying some idea of the character.

At dinner she was very much absorbed, and when her father and mother tried to draw her into conversation she maintained a chilling superiority. She would show them that she was not a mere butterfly and convince them that her education had not been wasted. When she got her story finished, she might even join the Professional Woman's league, but that would need further consideration. She didn't like the sound of "professional." Besides, literature is a calling, not a profession, and something of a fad with the best people.

She found she really could not work until Clarence had arrived and she had told him all about it. It was in vain she tried to make a start on her story. She would write a few words, then in spite of herself get up and walk about the room. But he came at last.

"You can't guess what I'm going to do!"

Clarence looked at her animated face for a moment. Then an awful suspicion seized him.

"Something you'd never expect."

His face became ashen, and when he tried to say, "You are going to get married," his voice merely made a gurgle in his throat. She didn't notice this, but rattled on.

"I knew you couldn't guess. Well, I'm going to write a story for The Century."

Clarence heaved a sigh of relief and nervously mopped his brow. Then she proceeded to tell him the plot of it.

"Don't you think it is quite original?" she asked and then read the answer in his eyes. "I thought you would, for it is, you know. I thought it all out by myself. Now, I think it would be a good idea for us to talk the whole story over before I begin, and if there are any weak points in it we can pick them out and fix them up.

"By the way, do you know what is meant by 'the technique of the short story?' I remember that the man who writes the criticisms for the back of Harper's Magazine once praised the technique of some short stories, and I asked papa what 'technique' meant. He said it meant having a pull with an editor so that you could sell your stories, but I think he was just poking fun. It can't mean plot, for I remember now the stories were by Mr. Matthews, and they had no plots. Well, never mind.

"Oh, I saw the editor of The Century once, and, do you know, he is quite a sad looking man? I'll have to put as much pathos into this story as possible, but the plot provides for that. I think if I can make it sad enough he'll give me a big check for it.

"And, oh, there is one thing I want to do very carefully! That is the love scene between Clarence and Constance when he proposes to her. I don't believe a bit what the writers in the comic papers say—that a girl always says one is surprised when a man proposes to her. I don't believe I should say such a thing, and I am not going to let my heroine say it either.

"But now that I think of it I guess I said it myself when I was proposed to."

Clarence jumped as if he had heard an umpire make a false ruling.

"Eh?" was all he could say, however.

"Oh, it was so funny! You know that little goose Teddy Trundrill?"

Clarence glared assent.

"Well, one evening when he was here he got down on his knees and began proposing to me. I really was awfully surprised, but I just boxed his ears and sent him away home.

"People say that one can write only from experience on such matters as that, but I simply am not going to have my hero propose like Teddy Trundrill. No hero would. You wouldn't yourself, would you?

"But that can't be true about experience. How can a man writer know exactly what a woman is thinking when she is proposed to? He can only know what a man feels like when he is proposing. And novelists try to make every proposal in their novels different. If they only draw on their experience and describe a different proposal each time, they must be as fickle as people say literary men are.

"But this is not making progress with the story. Now, haven't you some suggestion to make? I'm afraid I'll spoil that love scene. Can't you help me with it? Oh, I know! You have, of course, proposed to lots of girls. Tell me how you acted and what you said and what she said. I'll take notes."

She began to get her papers in order, while Clarence sat looking at her, perfectly dazed. He had never proposed to a girl in his life. He hadn't the courage, but though he knew her statement in regard to that matter was a decidedly false ruling he couldn't enter a protest. But a ray of hope suddenly flashed through the chaos of his thoughts. Perhaps this talk about proposing would enable him to do what he had been trying to do for months—propose to Edith himself.

"Now I am ready," she said as she took up her pen.

"I—er—er," began Clarence, coloring. "I—er—er—never proposed."

"What? Now, that's too bad. Whatever shall I do? But you surely must have thought of proposing some time."

"Er—yes."

"Well, then, tell me how you would go about it. What would you say? Since you say you have had no experience, what you would say would likely be original and all the better for my story. Well, what would you say?"

Clarence's condition was really pitiable, though his fair tormentor did not appear to realize it. Never before did he long so vehemently for glibness, and never before did his tongue stick so tightly to the roof of his mouth.

"Well?" she repeated somewhat impatiently as she looked into his face inquiringly. He seemed to gather courage from her glance and murmured:

"Edith, dear!"

"But that is only a beginning. Besides, this heroine's name is Constance, not Edith."

In his agony Clarence moved his chair uneasily and moved it closer to her.

"I—er—er—Edith, dear!" and he looked at her appealingly.

"Oh, now, you wouldn't stammer like that. You would have a nice little speech ready, telling her how much you loved her and all that."

"I love you, Edith!" He was beginning to find his tongue, and he caught her hand as he spoke. "I've often—er—never mind the story. Listen to me."

"Oh, but I must take notes. I'll have the hero take hold of her hand and say, 'Constance, dear, I love you.' That is not so bad. Go on," and she began to write.

He immediately reached out and caught her other hand.

"Can't you understand?" he cried. "I love you and want you to be my wife—you, you, not Constance!"

She looked at his face wonderingly.

"I have been wanting to ask you so long, but couldn't. I have loved you for years and will always love you. Don't refuse me, or you will break my heart." His despair had blessed him with long desired loquacity.

"Why, are you proposing to me in earnest?"

"Yes. Please don't laugh at me," and he thought with horror of the fate of Teddy Trundrill.

"Oh," she exclaimed, starting to her feet, "this is such a surprise!" Eve probably made the same remark when she met Adam in the garden, and her daughters have been repeating it ever since.

"I know I have no right to expect you to consent, but—er—er—but I love you so much," and he looked at her hungrily, despairingly. With a motion of her hands she brought him to his feet, but made no attempt to free herself from his grasp.

"Really, Clarence, I—er—er." It was she who was stammering now. His excitement was thrilling her. The touch of his hands seemed to grow on her like intoxication, and after a little further struggle she put up her face to be kissed.

For the remainder of the evening they were both too happy to talk, so of course the writer has nothing further to report, except that the story for The Century was never completed. Edith was altogether too happy to put the necessary pathos in it to make it salable.

As to whether she had an ulterior motive in proposing a love scene with Clarence the author does not venture an opinion.

As she remarked herself, "How can a man writer know exactly what a woman is thinking when she is proposed to?" or when she wants to be proposed to.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Remarkable Patient.

There is a patient in the Lock Haven hospital whose condition enlists the sympathy of all who know him. The afflicted boy is Robert Sheats, the 11-year-old son of Perry O. Sheats, of Boonville. He was brought to the hospital a few weeks ago, says the Lock Haven *Democrat*. His condition is such that a similar case has not come within the observation of some of the physicians. The child is suffering from necrosis of the bones. His one leg is entirely useless. One of his arms is also badly affected, as some of the bones have already been removed. In addition to this terrible disease, a large sized abscess formed on the inside of his breast. To permit the pus to escape from this swelling the boy submitted to an operation Tuesday, during which the portions of two ribs were removed. The ribs were badly decayed. Through the opening made astonishing quantities of pus has been running. If the abscess and the wound heal, as there is hope for, the boy may survive, but his diseased leg will have to be amputated. Dr. Hayes perfomed the operation.

HEALTHY

HAIR

A man with a thin head of hair is a marked man. But the big bald spot is not the kind of a mark most men like.

Too many men in their twenties are bald. This is absurd and all unnecessary. Healthy hair shows man's strength. To build up the hair from the roots, to prevent and to cure baldness, use—

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

It always restores color to faded or gray hair. Notice that word, "always." And it cures dandruff.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

"My business calls me out among strangers a great deal. I would actually feel ashamed every time I would take off my hat, my hair was so thin and the bald spots showed so plainly. I began the use of your Hair Vigor less than three months ago. Today I find I have as fine a head of hair as I ever had. I tell everybody what I used, and they say 'it must be a wonderful remedy.'" GEO. YEARL,
Dec. 14, 1898. Chicago, Ill.

We have a book on The Hair and Scalp which we will send free upon request. If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the use of the Vigor, write the Doctor about it. Address, DR. J. C. AYER,
Lowell, Mass.

DEATH OF JOSEPH NEWMAN.

Passed Away at Milton Wednesday Feb. 28. of Typhoid Fever.

The many friends of the Newman family in Bellefonte were very much shocked Thursday morning to hear of the death of Joseph Newman, one of Bellefonte's popular young men, which sad event occurred at Milton, Wednesday evening from typhoid fever after an illness of three weeks. Two of the young man's sisters Mrs. Grauer and Miss Hannah Newman were at his bedside when he died.

The young man had been clerking in Dreifuss clothing store at Milton since last fall and was highly esteemed by his employer and in fact all who knew him. He was born in Lock Haven, Clinton County, December 18th 1869 making his age 30 years, 2 months and 10 days.

He is survived by his mother Mrs. Amelia Newman, of this place and the following sisters and one brother: Mrs. Wm. Grauer of Bellefonte; Mrs. Morris Loeb of Baltimore, Md., Misses Hannah and Nettie Newman of Bellefonte and Ferdinand Newman of Braddock.

The remains were brought to this place for interment, the funeral taking place Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of his mother, Mrs. Amelia Newman, corner of High and Allegheney streets. The services were conducted by Rabbi Klein, of Altoona, and were very impressive. The casket was literally covered with beautiful tributes from the many friends of the deceased.

The pall-bearers were Jacob Marks, Wolf Dreyfuss, Louis Loneterg Harry Holtz, Harry Walkey and Joseph Fauble. Interment in the Jewish cemetery at this place.

How Grain Will Shrink.

Farmers rarely gain in holding on to their grain after it is fit for market, when the shrinkage is taken into account. Wheat, from the time it is threshed, will shrink two quarts to the bushel, or 6 per cent in six months, in the most favorable circumstances. Hence it follows that 94 cents a bushel for wheat, when first threshed in August, is as good, taking into account shrinkage alone, as $1 in the following February.

Corn shrinks much more from the time it is first husked. One hundred bushels of ears, as they come from the field in November, will be reduced to not far from eighty. So that 40 cents a bushel for corn in the ear, as it comes from the field, is as good as 50 in March, shrinkage only being taken into account.

In the case of potatoes—taking those that rot and are otherwise lost—together with the shrinkage, there is but little doubt that between October and June the loss to the owner is not less than 33 per cent.

—Even peanuts share in the general prosperity of the times. It is said the peanut crop for 1899 is 1,000,000 bushels heavier than the crop of 1898.

—It is said that Bellefonte's Amateur Operatic Minstrel Company will give one of its pleasing performances on the evening of Decoration Day for the benefit of the Soldiers Monument Fund.

—The sum of $2,637,000 has been expended in New Jersey making 440 miles of good roads. Massachusetts has spent $2,637,300 on 250 miles which are as perfect as any highways in Europe. What has Pennsylvania done?

THE BIG FLOOD.

Bellefonte Again a Victim to High Water—Spring Creek, Logan Branch and Buffalo Run On the Rampage.

From Daily News of last Thursday.

Just one week ago today Bellefonte and vicinity experienced one of the biggest floods in its history and again today it is suffering from one of even larger dimensions. Spring Creek and Logan Branch are at least several inches higher than last week.

The light snow of last evening changed into rain by midnight and from that time on until morning it kept falling in torrents. Logan Branch, Spring Creek and that wicked little Buffalo Run began to rise rapidly until towards noon today.

The water was up even with the foot bridge at the roundhouse and over the Pennsylvania railroad tracks in that vicinity. Several feet of water covered the lowlands in the vicinity of the glassworks and all the cellars of the houses thereabouts were full of water.

Several industries were compelled to shut down owing to the high water, among the number being the Match factory and Ardel's planing mill. The water covers Water street at the steam laundry and also near the depot of the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania. The press-room of our neighbor, the *Watchman*, has another three feet of water to contend with, nearly covering all the machinery. All the cellars under the store rooms in McClain block are flooded and the press-room floor of the DAILY NEWS office is covered to the depth of ten inches.

Great fears were entertained all the morning that the dam at Reynolds' mill would burst. The water rose so rapidly this morning that the men at the mill were unable to raise the flood-gates at the dam and as a consequence the road leading to Mrs. Reuben Valentine's was covered with water and badly washed, as was also the P. R. R. tracks on the other side.

Buffalo Run has been changed from a brook to a raging river and as a result washouts were the order of the day on the Bellefonte Central. The train was unable to leave the yard at Coleville this morning. So all communication with State College and Pine Grove Mills by that route is cut off.

Howard street was converted into a raging canal. Cellars were filled with water, gutters and crossings washed out and general havoc reigned supreme. Something should be done to remedy this trouble on Howard street, as every time it rains real hard they have difficulty with the water.

LATER—At this writing 2 o'clock there is no improvement in the flood situation except that it has stopped raining. The water has been raising rapidly since 11 o'clock this morning. The walks on Water street near the Steam laundry and also going towards the new Lamb street depot have been washed away. The foot bridge across Spring Creek near the round house was swept away just before 12 o'clock. The P. R. R. tracks between here and Milesburg are covered with water and railroad traffic is at a stand still. The afternoon passenger trains have not arrived at this writing. Many fears are entertained that several of the railroad bridges in this vicinity will go.

Birth-marks which mark and mar the outside of the body are a grief to every mother whose children may bear them. But for every child who bears a birth-mark on the skin there are many who bear an indelible birth-mark on the mind. Nervous mothers have nervous children and many a man and woman owes an irritable and despondent temperament to those days of dread when the mother waited the hour of her maternity. The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription strengthens the mother for her trial. With strength comes a bouyancy of spirits and quitness of mind, which is one of the happiest gifts a mother can bestow on her offspring. By giving vigor and elastically to the delicate womanly organs "Favorite Prescription" practically does away with the pain of maternity and makes the baby's advent as natural and as simple as the blossoming of a flower. There is no opium, cocaine or other narcotic contained in "Favorite Prescription."

—The Quay case is now having Senatorial consideration by homeopathic doses. Every day it receives a jolt or a boost. No one is in a position to say just what the out-come may be. Opinions vary as sentiment does and every one is entitled to a guess. Senator Turley presented the majority report of the Committee on elections and privileges and his paper was a master piece on constitutional law as relating to the authority of a Govern or to fill a vacancy in the United States Senate under conditions presented in the Quay case. If this case is decided purely upon constitutional grounds Mr. Quay should and will fail in his efforts to get a seat on Governor Stone's credentials, if personal feelings are permitted to actuate the final vote Mr. Quay may be the winner.

—The news from South Africa indicates that those who have sympathetic tears to shed for the Boers can prepare to shed.

—In 1899 the Young Men's Christian Association erected new buildings in the United States at the rate of one every ten days, many of them costing from $50,000 to $200,000.

A NEW GAME CLUB.

Sportsmen's League of Centre County Organized Friday Evening.

Friday evening witnessed the organization of a new fish and game protective association in Centre county. About twenty-five sport loving citizens of Bellefonte gathered on that evening in the Arbitration room of the Court house at 8 o'clock. The meeting was presided over by George R. Meek, who called for a report from the committee on constitution and by-laws, said committee having been chosen at a preliminary meeting held Monday night.

The chairman of the committee, Mr. T. H. Harter read the constitution and by-laws which were finally adopted with a few corrections. The objects of the association are the protection of fish and game and the propogation of it. It is the hope of the organization to be able to get sportsmen interested in it all over the county, so that collectively, the legitimate hunters and fishers will be able to punish all violators of the law and do everything in their power for the protection of the streams and forests. To plant and care for young trout will be another object of the league. There is also to be a social side to the league as an annual fall and spring outing is to be held under the auspices of the league at which time the association would establish and maintain a hunting or fishing camp on some good ground to which all members of the league would have entry.

In order to create interest in sport an nual shooting and fly casting tournaments will be held, at which trophies of value will be given that shall attract competitors from all the surrounding country.

The initiation fee is placed at $1.00 and annual dues $1.00. A feature of the league is that any member seeing or hearing of anyone violating in any way the game laws he is in honor bound to report them to the proper authorities and have them prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

The officers of the league for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President John L. Knisely, Vice President, Hardman P. Harris; Secretary, Dr. George B. Klump; Treasurer, John McGinley; Board of Directors, George R. Meek, Thomas H. Harter and Robert F. Hunter.

Wilbur F. Reeder Esq., is the attorney for the league and he is authorized to apply at once for a charter. The meetings of the club are to be held on the first Friday in every month.

The charter members are Messrs. John McGinley, Col. Wilbur F. Reeder, Joseph Rightnour, Dr. George B. Klump, John L. Knisely, George R. Meek, Thomas H. Harter, W. Harrison Walker, John Bullock, Thomas Moore, Harry Green, J. Will Conly, Charles Heisler, Hardman P. Harris, Linn McGinley, Robert F. Hunter, Randolph Breeze, Benton Tate, George Knisely, Robert Montgomery and Charles R. Kurtz.

Readable Clippings.

It is known that French officers now serving with the Transvaal forces were paid bonuses of $600 at starting, and another $600 upon their arrival in the Transvaal, and receive from $300 to $600 per month during the campaign. The chief French officer gets $600.

At a dinner at Rottingdean lately a Royal Academician stated to the company the curious fact that sugar and sumac are the only two words in English where su is pronounced as shu. There was much interest shown in the discovery, when Rudyard Kipling was heard from the other end of the table, "But, are you sure?"

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Advice to Girls.

Girls, don't hang around the depot unless you are going away or meeting friends, says an exchange. Don't go to church and take a back seat with your escort and then whisper and giggle during the services. Don't be loud and boisterous or slangey. Stand to your dignity; don't carry your heart on your sleeves and don't throw yourselves in the arms of every well dressed stranger that comes in town. Be womanly, be modest, be serious at times, don't unsex yourself and thus lose woman's greatest charm. Don't regard your long-legged, awkward brother as a nuisance, don't turn up your nose at father and his poor grammar, and above all, don't play "A Hot Time" on the piano when your mother is having "a hot time" over the wash-tub.

Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.

Rev. W. H. Main, pastor of the Baptist Emanuel Church, Buffalo, giving strong testimony for and is a firm believer in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. He had tried many kinds of remedies without avail. "After using Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder I was benefited at once," are his words. It is a wonderful remedy. It relieves instantly.—87.

For sale by F. Potts Green.

—Denver believes in doing things up brown. Consequently the dinner service of gold and silver jewels which the city will present to the cruiser Denver is to cost $70,000 and be the finest in use upon any ship afloat.

Progress of the Pennsylvania R. R. Pension System.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Pension Department, created for the purpose of administering the several Pension Departments of the various Companies directly operated or affiliated with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company east of Pittsburg and Erie, the operations of which began on January 1, of the present year, is now a fully equipped Department of the service, and during the month of January the Board of Officers at their several meetings acted upon the cases of nine hundred and ninety-eight employees who were relieved from the service on the first of the present year, and fixed the monthly pension allowance to be paid to each of such retired employees, the aggregate of which amounts to over $200,000 per annum.

The employees relieved represented all grades of the service, there being eight officers, chief clerks, and special agents; one hundred and eighty-three laborers; ninety-two foremen, assistant foremen, and other Maintenance of Way men; two hundred and twenty-eight watchmen, sweepers, and shop helpers; one hundred and thirty carpenters, painters and car builders; one hundred agents, office clerks, and station men; ninety-three blacksmiths and machinists; ninety-one engine men and round housemen; and seventy-three train masters, conductors, and train, yard, and boat men.

Seven hundred and eighteen of the relieved employees were members of the relief Fund, each of whom receives, in addition to the pension allowance from the Company, a superannuation allowance from the Relief Department, the aggregate of which amounts to over $27,000 per annum.

The names of seven of the pensioners were dropped from the rolls during the month of January on account of death.

A very liberal feature of the Regulations is the provision that the average regular monthly pay, on which the pension allowance is based, shall be determined, not upon what the employee actually earned during the ten years preceding his retirement, but from the standpoint of what he would have earned had he been able to fulfill the duties of his position every working day. This is a commendable feature, and gives employees who had the misfortune to be so physically disqualified that they were unable to report for duty at all times, the same benefits as those more fortunate.

In the computation of the length of service no deduction is likewise made for any absence due to sickness or accident.

With the Relief Fund making provision for its members during the entire period of their disability, whether from sickness or accident, and the Pension Department, with all its excellent features, the Company has now in operation a system of relief for its employees unparalleled in the history of any similar corporation, and the beneficial results to be obtained cannot be overestimated when it is understood what admirable protection is now made for the welfare of an army of seventy thousand employees.

Juniata Blacksmith Shop.

Altoona Tribune: The new Juniata blacksmith shop of the Pennsylvania Railroad company is completed and will be occupied by the large force of workmen, who were burned out on the morning of January 5, this morning. The shop is, without doubt, the finest equipped of its kind in the country. The building is 325x70 feet and is as near fire proof as possible. The shop will be a palace to work in to what the old shop was. It is so constructed that the smoke from the fifty or more fires is carried away by the underdraft system and deposited in the stack some distance away. A ventilator on the roof will carry away the accumulating gases an smoke from the furnaces.

The shop was constructed in about forty-nine days from the morning it was burned.

Husband Disappeared.

Mrs. Stuart St. Clair who came to Williamsport from Washington last November, is almost beside herself with grief and anxiety over the mysterious disappearance of her husband. Several weeks ago he started on a trip south and about the first of the month Mrs. St. Clair received a letter from him dated Dallas, Tex, in which he bade his wife farewell and announced that he was going to commit suicide. No trace of him has since been found.

Returns of our militia forces for 1899 just transmitted to Congress show a grand total of 10,343,152 men available for military duty, running from 5000 for Alaska to 800,000 for New York and 912,964 for Pennsylvania. Ohio has 650,000, Indiana 500,000 and Massachusetts 453,537, the organized militia of the country numbers 7.521 officers and 98.818 men, a total of 106,339.

—The question of tarriff or no tarriff for Porto Rico has become a most important one, not only in the political, but in the church and humanitarian world.

Gen. Cronje's reply to the first demand for his surrender by Lord Kitchener is likely to live in military history—"I've got some guns, some men and some ammunition and I am alive. Why should I surrender?"

FEEL THE CHANGE.

Hundreds Voluntarily Endorse a Scientific Product.

A Statement By a Well Known Citizen Who Has Found Great Relief by Using it

The great good that Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are doing in Pennsylvania for all forms of kidney and urinary disorders is being daily told by our citizens. All who use Kid ne-oids for backache, dizziness sleeplessness, nervousness and general debility give hearty expression of the quick relief they obtained.

Mr. Robert Martin, Constable—Lock Haven Pa, says; For about four years I had symptoms of kidney trouble. I tried different kinds of kidney remedies but none of them proved as effectual as Morrow's Kid-ne-oids Before taking Kid-ne-oids I suffered with a dull heavy pain in the small of my back which would be frequented at times with sharp shooting pains extending through my back just over the kidneys. I could not sleep nor rest. Since taking Kid-ne-oids the pains have been relieved and I can sleep better. Kid-ne-oids proved very effectual and I can endorse them with a free and open expression.

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are not pills but Yellow Tablets and sell at fifty cents a box at all drug stores and at F. Potts Green's drug store.

Mailed on receipt of price. Manufactured by John Morrow & Co. Chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

—Poverty is the grindstone that sharpens a mans wits.

—A chap may love a girl dearly, and yet she can make him look like thirty cents.

—The fellow who is tied to his best girl's apron strings may be described as a miss-guided youth.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cts.

—A rumor is afloat that the Philadelphia *North American*, anti Quay Republican, will soon start a sixteen page morning paper in Williamsport.

Have You Eczema?

Have you any skin disease or eruptions? Are you subject to chafing or scalding? Dr. Agnew's Ointment prevents and cures any and all of these, and cures Itching, Bleeding and Blind Piles besides. One application brings relief in ten minutes, and cases cured in three to six nights. 35 cents.—88.

For sale by F. Potts Green.

—The capital invested in farming in this country is estimated at $16,000,000,000.

—Trained teachers is one of the vital requirements of the modern Sunday school. It is possible for every school to have a complete force of trained teachers and plenty of them. Dr. Rhoads, the General State secretary will speak on this subject at the County convention at Centre Hall, March 20.

ASK YOUR DOCTOR!

Ask your physician this question, "What is the one great remedy for consumption?" He will answer, "Cod-liver oil." Nine out of ten will answer the same way.

Yet when persons have consumption they loathe all fatty foods, yet fat is necessary for their recovery and they cannot take plain cod-liver oil. The plain oil disturbs the stomach and takes away the appetite. The disagreeable fishy odor and taste make it almost unendurable. What is to be done?

This question was answered when we first made

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. Although that was nearly twenty-five years ago, yet it stands alone today the one great remedy for all affections of the throat and lungs.

The bad taste and odor have been taken away, the oil itself has been partly digested, and the most sensitive stomach objects to it rarely. Not one in ten can take and digest the plain oil. Nine out of ten can take SCOTT'S EMULSION and digest it. That's why it cures so many cases of early consumption. Even in advanced cases it brings comfort and greatly prolongs life.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS.

Local Department.

One day blowin', next day snowin',
Next day case o' parch,
Bees a hummin', cold wave comin'—
That's March.

—Only ten days more of ground-hog weather.

—The recent rains have put the streets in a bad condition.

—Artificial flowers, mixed with real ones, are now beingtgenerally used for table decorations.

"I suffered for months from sore throat, Eclectric Oil cured me in twenty-four." hours M. S. Gist, Hawesville, Ky.

—Joseph Hollabaugh of Philipsburg has had his pension increased from $12 to $14 per month.

No matter how long you have had the cough; if it hasn't already developed into consumption Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup will cure it.

—It may surprise some people to learn that a Modern Atlantic liner must earn about $80.000 clear per trip before a penny of profit is made.

Years of suffering relieved in a night Itching piles yield at once to the curative properities of Doan's Ointment. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

—The Epworth League of the Methodist church will hold a social next Friday evening in the lecture room of the church. All are cordially invited to attend.

Builds up the system, puts pure, rich blood in the veins; makes men and women strong and healthy—Burdock Blood Bitters. At any drug store.

—W. Lee Woodcock of Altoona has given $500 to the Dickinson College at Carlisle. Mr. Woodcock has made frequent similar gifts to this institution.

--A new shirt takes just about twice as much time to be laundered as one that has been through the process before. This is particularly true of a colored shirt.

—Recent investigations have shown that there are in the state of Maryland at least 28,000 voters who could not meet an education test should one be required as has been proposed.

—Frank Bassett, former chemist at the Valentine furnace, and son-in-law of Rev. James P. Hughes, has been elected Supt. of the Maryland Steele Company at Sparrow Point, Md. Mr. Bassett has been employed for the past two years by the different furnace companies in the South.

--A symposium of addresses on four practical topics, and three great addresses each from Dr. Roads and Mrs. Barnes State workers devoting their whole time to this work and specialists in their lines will make a County Convention at Centre Hall worth going many miles to attend, Mark the date, March 20th.

—Trained teachers is one of the vital requirements of the modern S. S. It is possible for every school to have a complete force of trained teachers and plenty of them. Dr. Roads, the General State Secretary, will speak on this subject at the county convention at Centre Hall, March 20.

—The paper famine in England is getting to be serious. It is caused by the difficulty in getting wood pulp, by the rise in price of coal and by the enormous increase in demand and stoppage of supplies from America. The South African war has naturally increased the circulation of newspapers.

—Altoona fears a diphtheria epidemic and the Board of Health has decided to order a big lot of antitoxine which will be distibuted among the local physicians free of cost. Statistics of the board show that the antitoxine treatment has been remarkably successful in the city during the present winter.

—Clearfield business men are making a practice of mailing their letters on the train to the annoyance of the mail agent, who finds it impossible to get them all assorted in time, and unless there is a reform in the matter it is possible the privilege of mailing letters on the train will be cut off from Clearfield.

—Every primary Sunday School superintendent and teacher will find it specially helpful to attend the county convention at Centre Hall, Tuesday, March 20. Mrs. J. W. Barnes, Superintendent of Primary Work of the Penn'a S. S. Association, will give three addresses, one each session, on the following subjects: "Right Beginnings," "Home Co-operation and How to Secure It," and "Teach the Little Ones to Pray." In addition, plans are under way for a special conference with primary teachers in a separate room.

--Nearly every country newspaper that we read tells about some farmer selling his walnut trees for the purpose of having them manufactured into lumber for shipment to Germany, says an exchange. Evidently the farmers have not thought much about what the walnut trees will be worth in the near future. They will only realize this when the trees are gone and the price of walnut double twenty or thirty times. Don't sell your walnut trees. Keep them on your farm. They are not only good for fruit but the increase in price which we are sure to realize in after years will more than pay the interest on the sum paid you now for them.—Gettysburg Compiler.

LICENSE COURT.

Judge Love Hears the Petitions of Those Desiring to Sell Liquor.

Tuesday was the day set aside by Judge Love for the hearing of the petitions of those who desire to sell liquor in Centre county during the coming year. There were forty applications for licenses, divided as follows: 28 taverns, 5 wholesale beer, 4 wholesale liquor, 2 distilleries and one brewery. Out of this number the Court granted 38 and held over 2.

The two following licenses were held over. David Chambers, Clarence, wholesale liquor, and Benjamin Coperthwaite, Rush twp., tavern.

The following licenses were granted by the Court:

Noah W. Eby, Haines twp.....Distillery
Henry Brockerhoff, Bellefonte.....Tavern
James Passmore, Philipsburg.....Tavern
W. H. Runkle, Centre Hall.....Tavern
Thos. Barnes, Jr., Philipsburg.....Tavern
Isaac S. Shawver, Potter twp.....Tavern
Jas. S. Reish, Potter.....Tavern
D. H. Ruhl, Gregg.....Tavern
John M. Reish, Millheim.....Tavern
Simon R. King, Penn twp.....Tavern
M. C. & C. B. Garman, Bellefonte.....Tavern
W. L. Daggett, Bellefonte.....Tavern
John C. Mulfinger, Spring twp.....Distillery
Christopher North, Philipsburg.....Tavern
John Walton, Philipsburg.....Tavern
Silas C. McCallister, Philipsburg.....Tavern
C. L. DeHaas, Howard boro.....Tavern
Geo. W. Mapledoram, Philipsburg.....Tavern
W. S. Musser, Millheim.....Tavern
Tempest Slinger, Philipsburg.....Tavern
Joseph Peters, Philipsburg.....Tavern
Dorcey P. Meyers, Philipsburg.....Tavern
Harry C. Yeager, Bellefonte.....Tavern
Sam'l Rodgers, Philipsburg...Wholesale beer
A. L. Nearhood, Rebersburg.....Tavern
D. C. Newcomer, Bellefonte.....Tavern
W. R. Haines Snow Shoe...Wholesale liquor
Alois. Kohlbecker, Boggs twp.....Tavern
John G. Uzzle, Snow Shoe.....Tavern
James Beck, Philipsburg.....W'lesale liquor
John Anderson, Bellefonte....Wholesale beer
Matthews Volk, Benner twp.....Brewery
Abram Shinfelt, Rush twp.....Wholesale beer
Lawrence Redding, Snow Shoe twp...Tavern
Geo. E. Lamb, Philipsburg.....Wholesale beer
Orrin Vail, Philipsburg.....Wholesale liquor
Wm. Riley, Jr., Philipsburg--Wholesale beer

GEORGE F. RONIAN.

A Former Bellefonter Dies at His Home in Lock Haven.

George F. Ronian, who at one time was engaged in business at this place, died Tuesday at his home in Lock Haven of asthma and heart disease combined. Our older residents will remember him as having at one time conducted a bowling alley near the big Spring.

Mr Ronian was born in Buffalo, N. Y., and was 66 years of age. For many years he was engaged in the hotel and restaurant business at Lock Haven, Houtzdale and other places.

He is survived by his wife and two sons Joseph, of Houtzdale, and Theo. W., of Lock Haven. The funeral will take place this Thursday afternoon.

Had His Thumb Smashed.

Friday afternoon Rex Bartlett, the 10-year-old son of David Bartlett, of North Thomas street, met with an accident which resulted in the amputation of his left thumb at the first joint.

Rex attends the public school at the stone building and while on his way home Friday afternoon stopped to play with some other boys near the steam heat works. At this point there is a sidetrack running into the steam heat works and a switch which throws the cars from one track to another. The boys were playing with this switch, one would lift it up while another would place a stone under it. The switch would fall and the stone would be crushed. In some manner Rex's thumb was caught under the falling switch and badly smashed. He was taken to his home and medical aid summoned who found it necessary to amputate the thumb as above stated.

United Evangelical Church Appointments for Centre County.

The Central Pennsylvania United Evangelical Conference concluded its sessions in Williamsport on Tuesday evening. The appointments for Centre County handed down by Bishop Dubs, the presiding officer of the conference are as follows: P. A. Smith, Milesburg; J. Womeldorf, Bellefonte; I. N. Bair, Howard; H. T. Searle, Nittany, L. Dice, Sugar Valley; N. J. Dubs, Rebersburg; W. W. Rhoads, Centre Hall; W. H. Brown, Spring Mills; H. W. Buck, Millheim.

A Poster Worth Having.

The family of C. R. Gearhart have in their possession a circus poster that is valuable as a relic. The poster is printed on white silk, 7 x18 inches in size, and is the advertisement of Campbell & Bullen's circus, which was booked to appear at Lancaster on October 28, 1818. William Hamilton was the printer, and a good job he made, too. There were two clowns with the show, so the poster states and some wonderful feats were advertised. Prices of admission were 75 and 50 cents, children 10 cents.—Lock Haven Express.

—Superior Court Judge James A Beaver is to be one of the speakers at the Missionary Conference, comprising the Presbyteries of Carlisle, Huntingdon and Westminister to be held in Harrisburg beginning on Sunday next, at least 600 delegates are expected to be in attendance.

—The superintendent of a children's home in Cincinnatti refuses to send any children to Kentucky for adoption, because of the bad record of that State.

THEIR CRYSTAL WEDDING.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin F. Garman Entertained in Honor of the 15th Anniversary of their Marriage.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin F. Garman celebrated, in an informal manner, their Crystal wedding, the fifteenth anniversary of their marriage, Monday evening by entertaining the immediate members of the Garman and Lingle families at the Garman home corner of Spring and High streets. There were about forty-five guests present to enjoy the genial hospitality of their host and hostess and all passed a most pleasant evening. It was with regret that the guests parted when the time came for leaving, and all extended to Mr. and Mrs. Garman their earnest congratulations and best wishes for many more happy returns of the day.

The guest present from a distance were Mr and Mrs. W. C. Lingle, Harvey Lingle, Frank Lingle, Misses Bessie and Virginia Lingle, of Patton; Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Maitland, of Williamsport; Harvey Lingle, Mrs. L. C. Lingle and Harry Todd, of Philipsburg and Robert Garman, of Tyrone.

Opening Session Wednesday.

The Twenty-fifth Annual Meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbytery of Huntingdon is now in session in the Chapel at Bellefonte. The opening service began promptly at 2:15 p m. Wednesday.

This Society represents woman's work in interest of Foreign Missions in fifty-one churches of the Presbytery which includes the Counties of Clearfield, Blair, Huntingdon, Bedford, Mifflin, Juniata and Centre, having seventy-seven churches within its bounds. The Society is auxiliary to and reports annually to the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbyterian Church, headquarters in Philadelphia, having jurisdiction over seven states. Contributions of last year amounted to $153,741,00, the amount contributed by this Presbyterial Society being $4,806,34.

This being the twenty-fifth annual meeting bids fair to be well attended, over 100 R. R. ticket orders having been asked for. Our church has never failed in its hospitality and, as it is twelve years since this Society met here, we bespeak for those who attend a cordial welcome.

The programme is full and attractive and it is hoped the meetings through the day will be well attended by the women and young ladies of our church, as well as those of other churches. The young people's work is increasing in interest and was especially considered on Wednesday afternoon.

A Fortune That Melted Away.

From New York there comes a story of a find of "wealth" that has a Philadelphia connection. Jonh Shannon a resident of the metropolis, lived in this city when the old Mifflin mansion in Manayunk was torn down last summer. He admired some of the wood that had formed part of the structure and bought a quantity of it intending to use it in his own home. When he moved to New York Shannon took some of the wood along with him. A few days ago the family ran short of kindling, and Shannon proceeded to chop up one of the beams that came out of the Mifflin mansion. Hidden away in the beam he found, wrapped in tin foil and stout paper, $15,000 in bank notes. Shannon called in a friend and showed his find, but the friend blasted all hopes of the finder that he had struck riches by declaring that all the notes were worthless. They proved to have been issued by state banks that have long been out of existence. It is supposed that the notes were secreted in the beam about 40 years ago, during the Rebellion, by a brewer who lived in the mansion.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte P. O. uncalled for March 5th, 1900.

James Catie, Kate Flagle, R. J. Lavaley, Miles N. Lucas, Mrs. Emma Reid, Fred W. Stuart, Grace M. Swartz, C. A. Thomas.

Foreign ones.

Miss Orsula Gunseri, 2.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. Montgomery, P. M.

"Hail gentle spring," the poets sing,
And then, to do it right,
Spring hails and snows and rains and blows
With all its main and might,

—There is a marked reduction in the importation of liquors into Cuba, Puerto Rico, and the Philippines since their transfer to the control of the United States. In former years the importation of wines from Spain alone ranged above $3,000,000 per annum and the total importations of wine and spirits into the three Spanish colonies in question ranged from $4,000,000 to $5,000,000 per annum. On the other hand the total exportation of spirits of all kinds from the United States to these islands during the calendar year 1899 was about $1,250,000, while the amounts from other parts of the world were correspondingly small.

—Ladysmith's death list from all causes during the siege was 605 or at the rate of 2,420 a year in a population of 18,000.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Mr. George T. Brew, of Oakland, Md., is in Bellefonte.

George Bayard, of Tyrone, spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

J. W Gephart Esq., transacted business in Tyrone Saturday.

James Wallace, of Milesburg, is visiting friends in Lock Haven.

Wm. P. Duncan, of Philipsburg, was a Bellefonte visitor Monday.

Mrs. Isaac Dawson is lying very ill at her home on Half Moon Hill.

Wm. Grauer, of this place, transacted business in Altoona Monday.

Col. E. J. Pruner, of Tyrone, spent Sunday with friends in this place.

Ex-Sheriff Robert Cook, of Howard, transacted business in town Friday.

Mrs. P. Gray Meek is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Thomas K. Morris, of Tyrone.

Mr. Roland Gentzell of Pittsburg, is visiting his old home at Spring Mills.

Miss Helen Hastings is entertaining her friend, Miss Louise Hickok of Harrisburg.

Miss Anna McLaughlin, of this place, spent last week visiting friends in Tyrone.

W. Harrison Walker, Esq., transacted legal business in Lock Haven Thursday.

Mrs. W. J. Twigg and two children of Sandy Ridge, are visiting friends in this place.

Prof. John H. Meyer, of this place, spent Sunday at his old home at Centre Hall.

Miss May Judge, daughter of Dominick Judge of this place, is visiting friends in Altoona.

Mr. Andrew G. Curtin of Philadelphia spent several days last week with friends at Bellefonte.

Mrs. C. F. York, of Warriorsmark, is visiting her father Emanuel Noll on North Allegheny street.

Mrs. D. H. Hastings and little daughter, Sarah, returned home Monday evening from Philadelphia.

Senator William C. Heinle returned home Sunday from a week's business trip to Philadelphia.

Miss Mina Radcliff, of Philadelphia, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Herman Kruse on South Thomas street.

John Bradley, of Philadelphia, arrived in Bellefonte Saturday to visit his father, Benjamin Bradley.

W. L. Daggett the genial proprietor of the Bush House, transacted business Saturday at Altoona.

Dr. George B. Klump, of Bellefonte, is registered at the Hotel Lafayette, at Philadelphia.

Capt. William F. Reber, of Philadelphia, is spending a few days with friends in this place.

Miss Mary Weber, of Howard, spent last week at the home of Thomas Moore, on South Spring street.

Miss Cora Hiltner, of Tyrone, spent Monday night in Bellefonte as the guest of her friend, Miss Rose Fox.

Mrs. J. Fall Stover and her two sons, Cameron and Curtis, left Saturday afternoon for Tyrone where they will visit her sister, Mrs. Mary Frink.

Mrs. Andrew Kaul, Jr., of St. Mary's, was a guest over Monday night at the home of Col. George Bayard, on North Spring street.

Mrs. Josephine Pierce and her grandson, Deemer, of State College, are guests at the home of William McClellan on East Lamb street.

Mrs. Harry Williams left last week for New York city where she expects to take a course in ladies tailoring. She will remain away until April.

Mrs. William Dawson and her granddaughter, Miss Helen Moore, departed for Philadelphia Saturday morning where they will visit friends.

Mrs. Wilbur F. Reeder returned home on Friday evening from a delightful visit with her sister, Mrs. Joseph Erwin Borches in Knoxville, Tenn.

Miss Marion Milliken returned home Monday afternoon from Plainfield, N. J., where she has been spending the past few months visiting friends.

Miss Ida Lanier, head trimmer and designer of Katz & Co's Millinery department has gone to New York for advance Spring Style in Millinery.

Miss Nan Schofield has returned home from a visit to friends in Philadelphia. She was accompanied by her aunt, Mrs. Rapsher, who will visit here for a while.

Letter Carrier, Ellsworth E. Ardery and family spent Monday at Mr. Ardery's old home at Martha. In his absence his place was filled by subetitute carrier Charles Wetzel.

Mrs. A. A. Witter, of Tyrone, Rev. C. T. Aikens and wife, of Pine Grove Mills, and Miss Mollie Odenkirk, of Centre Hall, are guests at the home of J. A. Aikens, on South Allegheny street.

Miss Henrietta Wright, of Milesburg returned Thursday evening from and extended and very enjoyable visit to her sister, Mrs. Thomas H. Crowley, of Philadelphia.

Capt. W. H. Fry, of Pine Grove Mills, passed through Bellefonte Monday afternoon on his way to Philadelphia to attend the meeting of the State Veterinary Association in that city.

Mrs. Scott Bricker, wife of one of Boalsburg's prominent business men, is lying seriously ill at her home in that place.

Edward Baney and Fred Sourbeck made a flying trip to Lock Haven Monday night. They returned home Tuesday.

County commissioner Matthew Riddle is lying very ill at his home at Pleasant Gap. It is hoped that his illness is only temporary and that he will soon be about again.

Captain W. Fred Reynolds, adjutant of the Fifth Regiment, N. G. P., was in Altoona Tuesday and was at regimental headquarters for a short time, looking over the books and papers.

Mr. Thomas Lingle, of Spring Mills passed through Bellefonte Tuesday morning enroute to Uniontown, where he has accepted an excellent position with the Pennsylvania R. R. Co.

Herbert Sheffer is now connected with the freight department of the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania, where he is putting in time hustling freight off the cars and drumming up business around town.

Wolf Dreyfuss and L. Lowenberg, of Milton, in whose store the late Joseph Newman was employed, arrived in Bellefonte Thursday evening to attend the funeral which took place Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Lawrence Page and Calvin J. Weaver, of Rebersburg, tarried in Bellefonte over Tuesday night as the guests of Wallace Brungart. The young men are on their way to Chicago, Ill., and later to Oklahoma territory, and their friends in this place wish them Godspeed and a safe and prosperous journey.

J. Mitch Cuninngham left Tuesday afternoon for Tyrone where he will assume the management of the Central Hotel at that place. Mr. Cuninngham is a genial whole souled fellow and has years of experience in the hotel business, which no doubt will enable him to made a success in his new position,

Mrs. T. R. Hamilton, of East Howard street, left for Philadelphia Saturday morning where she was called by the sudden death of her brother-in-law, Mr. Frank Snowden, of that city. Mr. Snowden was the father of Miss Gertrude Snowden who spent a portion of last summer at the Hamilton home in this place.

Deputy Recorder Sloteman.

After nine years service as deputy recorder of Centre county, William Dukeman stepped down and out of office on Wednesday March 1st 1900 to be succeeded by Ambrose Sloteman, of Pleasant Gap. In Mr. Sloteman we believe Recorder Robb has made a wise selection, as he is a young man of excellent habits, industrious and painstaking in all he undertakes, and above all possesses pleasant and agreeable manners. Everything indicates that he will be an obliging and efficient official. We extend our congratulations to Mr. Sloteman on his good fortune on securing such a nice position and to Recorder Robb and the public on securing one who promises to be such a faithful public servant.

In closing this article we cannot help but pay a well deserved compliment to the retiring deputy, Mr. Dukeman. During his nine years of incumbency of the office he has made a record of which anyone might be proud. His treatment of all has been uniformly kind and courteous and his work has been accurate and artistic, while his service is that of a faithful conscientious, sober man. He is out of a position now and this paper cheerfully recommends him to any employer desiring an employee possessing the above qualifications.

Bishop Dubs Presented With an Historic Cane.

In behalf of the ministers and laymen attending the Central Pennsylvania conference of the United Evangelical church, Bishop Dubs, of Chicago, was presented with a beautiful cane at Williamsport Monday. The cane is made from the wood taken from the ruins of the first church built at New Berlin in 1816. The carved dog head is from wood obtained in Cumberland county, and is inlaid with a pearl taken out of the Iowa river. The cane is inlaid with wood from Palestine.

The statistical report was read Tuesday afternoon. It shows a membership o 17,829, a gain of 388 during the year. There were 2,358 conversions. The Sunday schools number 151, with 3,263 officers and teachers and 22,636 scholars. About 1,200 scholars were converted during the year.

An appropriation of $800 was made to the Central Pennsylvania college at New Berlin. Rev. N. F. Swengel, of York, and Rev. J D. Shortiss, of Hughesville, were elected trustees of the school.

Rev. N. F. Swengel, W. T. Detwiler, H. B. Hartzler, C. W. Curns, A. E. Gobble and J. C. Reese were elected on the Bible conference committee.

—"Full many a gem of purest ray serene
The dark, unfathomed caves of ocean bear."

It is computed that there is $4,000,000,000 worth of gold and jewels at the bottom of the sea on the route between England and India.

—In 1870 the United States mined 36,806,560 tons of coal and Great Britain 128,682,935. The figures in 1899 were: United States, 244,000,000 tons; Great Britain, 234,000,000.

DEATH OF CHARLES BROWN, SR.

Passed Away at the Extreme Old Age of Ninty Years.

Charles Brown, Sr. one of Bellefonte's oldest citizens passed away Tuesday evening at his home on Pine street from the natural infirmities of old age.

Deceased was born in Londonderry Ireland and had he lived until next Saturday he would have been ninety years of age. He came to this country in 1828 and followed his trade as an axe maker later he engaged in the hotel business and for many years conducted a hotel where Blackford's restaurant now stands. After this he engaged in the green grocery business but for the past two years has lived a retired life. At one time he was appointed by the County commissioners to collect the state and county taxes.

He is survived by the following children: Mrs. Ellen Kane, of Lock Haven; Mrs. Annie Linn of Smoke Run; Mrs. Mary Dick, of Columbia; William of Philadelphia and Charles at home.

He also leaves one brother Edward Brown Sr., of this place; and the following sisters, Mrs Ellen Foley, of Lewistown; Mrs Catherine Johnson of Philadelphia; Mrs Bridget Kane, of Altoona

The funeral will take place Friday morning from St. Johns Catholic church Rev. P. McArdle officiating. Interment in the Catholic cemetery

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

Marriage Licenses Issued and Real Estate Transfers Recorded.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register A. G. Archey.

Lewis Whitman, of Grampian, and Anna Iddings of Clearfield.

Orlando W. Weaver, of Wolf's Store, and Nora Hoffy, of Rebersburg.

Robert Edward Auman, of Woodward, Haines twp., and Jennie Vonada of Miles twp.

David W. Sweetwood and Mary E. Ripka both of Spring Mills.

W. H. Watson and Carrie E. Witherite both of Union twp.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following deeds have been recorded by Recorder N. E. Robb.

George W. Ingraham et ux to Nathaniel Lindemuth. Dated April 2, 1888. 64 acres Union twp. Consideration $1138.87.

Emanuel Kern to Isaac Dunne. Dated October 11, 1899. 200 acres in Walker twp. Consideration $3,000.

John G. Love et ux to Grant and R. C. Hoover. Dated March 1, 1900. 61 acres in Union twp. Consideration $40.00.

Edward A. Peters et ux to Agnes Shipley. Dated January 19, 1900. 66 acres 17 perches in Union twp. Consideration $2000.00

Margaret E. Naugle to M. M. DuBree. Dated February 27, 1900. Lot of ground in Philipsburg. Consideration $1200.00.

Jno. P. Condo, sheriff, to Fannie M. Loraine. Dated December 16, 1895. Coal Exchange Hotel, Philipsburg. Consideration $7500.00.

Mary McCully to Anna Viola Baney. Dated February 21, 1900. Tract of land in Taylor twp. Consideration $650.00.

Daniel Smith et ux to Lizzie Verdilla Hasel. Dated February 27, 1900. Lot in Spring twp. Consideration $200.00

GRANGE ENCAMPMENT

and Inter-County Fair for 1900.

The Committee on Grange Encampment and inter-County Fair held a meeting at Centre Hall March 3rd, and effected the following organization by electing Leonard Rhone Chairman, George Dale, Secretary; J. J. Arney, Treasurer. The following divisions were created: Supt. of Camp, J. S. Dauberman, Supt. of the department of implements, horticultural and agricultural products, George Dale; Supt. of the division of live stock and poultry, George Gingrich; the chairman to be superintendent of general privileges and entertainments, with power to appoint such assistants as may be required.

It was decided to open the encampment on Saturday, September 15th, the exhibition and fair to open on Monday the 17th and continue until Saturday the 22nd of September.

A proposition is to be submitted to every subordinate grange in the county to take a special interest to work up a large poultry exhibit, by assigning to each grange two new varieties of poultry that they are to breed specially for the exhibition, the subordinate grange to purchase the eggs, and assign them to the members most experienced in poultry raising. A trio of each breed will be placed on exhibition for sale, the proceeds to revert to the grange to reimburse them for the purchase of the eggs, the balance to be retained by the breeder.

It was decided to plant additional trees for shade and ornament.

Already three of the buildings are engaged by exhibitors so that the outlook for the grange fair is better than ever. All that patrons need to do is to go steadily on with their enterprise and they will achieve still larger success in the future.

—The military critics of the world are beginning to get in their work on the South African war. Newspapers may print the criticisms, but no one can be compelled to read them.